# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2022

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 Commission File No. 000-22490



# FORWARD AIR CORPORATION

	Tennessee				62-1120025	
(State o	r other jurisdiction of	incorporation)		(I.R.S. Em	ployer Identification No.)	_
1915 Snapps Ferry Road	Building N	Greeneville	TN	<u> </u>	37745	_
(Addı	ress of principal execu	ntive offices)			(Zip Code)	_
	Registra	ant's telephone number	, including area	a code: (423) 636-7000		
Securities registered pursuant to Section	12(b) of the Act:					
Title o	f each class	Tradin	g Symbol(s)	Name of each exch	ange on which registered	
Common Sto	ck, \$0.01 par value	I	FWRD	The Nasdaq S	Stock Market LLC	
Indicate by check mark whether the regis	strant has submitted e	lectronically every Inte	ractive Data Fil	le required to be submitted and	d posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regul	lation
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# Part I. Financial Information

# Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited).

# Forward Air Corporation Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited and in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,386	\$ 37,316
Accounts receivable, less allowance of \$3,513 in 2022 and \$3,260 in 2021	246,006	208,085
Other receivables, less allowance of \$900 in 2022 and \$— in 2021	104	8,097
Other current assets	22,260	29,309
Total current assets	315,756	282,807
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$207,225 in 2022 and \$200,867 in 2021	229,220	219,095
Operating lease right-of-use assets	154,277	148,198
Goodwill	287,597	266,752
Other acquired intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of \$115,297 in 2022 and \$107,336 in 2021	160,216	154,717
Other assets	50,077	46,254
Total assets	\$ 1,197,143	\$ 1,117,823
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 42,058	\$ 44,837
Accrued expenses	64,355	61,621
Other current liabilities	4,044	4,614
Current portion of debt and finance lease obligations	7,505	6,088
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	49,498	47,532
Total current liabilities	167,460	164,692
Finance lease obligations, less current portion	10,759	9,571
Long-term debt, less current portion and debt issuance costs	147,279	155,466
Operating lease liabilities, less current portion	106,552	101,409
Other long-term liabilities	55,374	49,624
Deferred income taxes	45,369	43,407
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value: Authorized shares -5,000,000; no shares issued or outstanding in 2022 and 2021	_	_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Authorized shares -50,000,000; issued and outstanding shares -26,879,522 in 2022 and 26,968,788 in 2021	269	270
Additional paid-in capital	265,129	258,474
Retained earnings	398,952	334,910
Total shareholders' equity	 664,350	593,654
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,197,143	\$ 1,117,823

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements}.$ 

# Forward Air Corporation Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited and in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three	Three Months Ended		
	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	
Operating revenues	\$ 515,2	19 \$	420,671	
Operating expenses:				
Purchased transportation	239,4	.90	215,217	
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	86,3		84,641	
Operating leases	23,4		20,370	
Depreciation and amortization	11,5		9,414	
Insurance and claims	13,1	96	10,891	
Fuel expense	8,3	14	4,059	
Other operating expenses	57,2	62	33,955	
Total operating expenses	439,6	74	378,547	
Income from continuing operations		45	42,124	
Other expense:				
Interest expense	(1,1	93)	(1,323)	
Total other expense	(1,1	93)	(1,323)	
Income before income taxes	74,3	52	40,801	
Income tax expense	18,9	22	10,124	
Net income from continuing operations	55,4	30	30,677	
Loss from discontinued operation, net of tax			_	
Net income and comprehensive income	\$ 55,4	30 \$	30,677	
•				
Basic net income (loss) per share				
Continuing operations	\$ 2	05 \$	1.12	
Discontinued operation		_	_	
Net income per basic share	\$ 2	05 \$	1.12	
•				
Diluted net income (loss) per share				
Continuing operations	\$ 2	04 \$	1.11	
Discontinued operation		_	_	
Net income per diluted share	\$ 2	04 \$	1.11	
Dividends per share	\$ 0	24 \$	0.21	
Diridends per suare	Ψ 0	<u> </u>	0.21	

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements}.$ 

# Forward Air Corporation Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited and in thousands, except per share amounts)

		Six Months Ended		
	June 20		June 30, 2021	
Operating revenues	\$	982,180 \$	782,873	
Operating expenses:				
Purchased transportation		464,322	399,825	
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		172,439	159,538	
Operating leases		46,132	39,537	
Depreciation and amortization		22,725	18,651	
Insurance and claims		25,164	20,632	
Fuel expense		14,179	7,761	
Other operating expenses		104,323	72,081	
Total operating expenses		849,284	718,025	
Income from continuing operations		132,896	64,848	
Other expense:				
Interest expense		(1,977)	(2,488)	
Total other expense		(1,977)	(2,488)	
Income before income taxes		130,919	62,360	
Income tax expense		32,803	14,969	
Net income from continuing operations		98,116	47,391	
Loss from discontinued operation, net of tax		_	(5,533)	
Net income and comprehensive income	\$	98,116 \$	41,858	
Basic net income (loss) per share				
Continuing operations	\$	3.63 \$	1.72	
Discontinued operation		_	(0.20)	
Net income per basic share	\$	3.63 \$	1.52	
Diluted net income (loss) per share				
Continuing operations	\$	3.61 \$	1.71	
Discontinued operation		5.01 \$	(0.20)	
•	\$	3.61 \$	1.51	
Net income per diluted share	\$	3.01 \$	1.51	
Dividends per share	\$	0.48 \$	0.42	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

# Forward Air Corporation Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited and in thousands)

		nded	
		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Operating activities:			
Net income from continuing operations	\$	98,116 \$	47,391
Adjustments to reconcile net income of continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations			
Depreciation and amortization		22,725	18,651
Change in fair value of earn-out liability		(294)	(385)
Share-based compensation expense		6,067	5,578
Provision for revenue adjustments		2,934	3,525
Deferred income tax expense (benefit) Other		1,962 1,383	(572) 189
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from the purchase of acquired businesses:			
Accounts receivable		(36,751)	(51,018)
Other receivables		7,093	(13,491)
Other current and noncurrent assets		3,918	6,746
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities		5,667	23,047
Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations		112,820	39,661
Investing activities:			
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		767	1,314
Purchases of property and equipment		(18,673)	(8,575)
Purchases of a business, net of cash acquired		(40,433)	(22,543)
Net cash used in investing activities of continuing operations		(58,339)	(29,804)
Financing activities:			
Repayments of finance lease obligations		(2,583)	(954)
Proceeds from credit facility		<del>_</del>	45,000
Payments on credit facility		(8,250)	_
Payment of earn-out liability		(91)	_
Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon stock option exercises		206	3,570
Payments of dividends to shareholders		(12,994)	(11,565)
Repurchases and retirement of common stock		(17,780)	(33,992)
Proceeds from common stock issued under employee stock purchase plan		374	388
Payment of minimum tax withholdings on share-based awards		(3,293)	(2,832)
Contributions from subsidiary held for sale		(44.411)	1,118
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities from continuing operations		(44,411) 10,070	733 10,590
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents of continuing operations		10,070	10,390
Cash from discontinued operation:			(
Net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operation		_	(6,902)
Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operation			8,020
Net cash used in financing activities of discontinued operation			(1,118)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		10,070	10,590
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period of continuing operations		37,316	40,254
Cash at beginning of period of discontinued operation		10.070	10.500
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		10,070	10,590
Less: cash at end of period of discontinued operation	•	47,386 \$	50,844
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period of continuing operations	\$	47,386 \$	50,844

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

# Forward Air Corporation Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (unaudited and in thousands)

	Common Stock				dditional Paid-in		Total Shareholders'
	Shares		Amount	A	Capital	Retained Earnings	Equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	26,969	\$	270	\$	258,474	\$ 334,910	\$ 593,654
Net income	_		_		_	42,686	42,686
Stock options exercised	3		_		206	_	206
Share-based compensation expense	_		_		2,761	_	2,761
Payment of dividends to shareholders	_		_		4	(6,506)	(6,502)
Payment of minimum tax withholdings on share-based awards	(30)		_		_	(3,254)	(3,254)
Repurchases and retirement of common stock	(176)		(2)		_	(17,778)	(17,780)
Issuance of share-based awards	96		1		(1)	_	_
Balance at March 31, 2022	26,862	\$	269	\$	261,444	\$ 350,058	\$ 611,771
Net income	_		_		_	55,430	55,430
Common stock issued under employee stock purchase plan	5		_		374	_	374
Share-based compensation expense	_		_		3,306	_	3,306
Payment of dividends to shareholders	_		_		5	(6,497)	(6,492)
Payment of minimum tax withholdings on share-based awards	(1)		_		_	(39)	(39)
Issuance of share-based awards	14		_		_	_	_
Balance at June 30, 2022	26,880	\$	269	\$	265,129	\$ 398,952	\$ 664,350

	Common Stock			I	Additional Paid-in			Total Shareholders'
	Shares		Amount		Capital	Retained Earnings		Equity
Balance at December 31, 2020	27,316	\$	273	\$	242,916	\$	304,140	\$ 547,329
Net income	_		_		_		11,181	11,181
Stock options exercised	40		_		2,147		_	2,147
Share-based compensation expense	_		_		2,613		_	2,613
Payment of dividends to shareholders	_		_		3		(5,800)	(5,797)
Payment of minimum tax withholdings on share-based awards	(35)		_		_		(2,744)	(2,744)
Repurchases and retirement of common stock	(114)		(1)		_		(9,997)	(9,998)
Issuance of share-based awards	111		1		(1)		_	_
Balance at March 31, 2021	27,318	\$	273	\$	3 247,678	\$	296,780	\$ 544,731
Net income	_		_		_		30,677	30,677
Stock options exercised	26		_		1,416		_	1,416
Common stock issued under employee stock purchase plan	5		_		388		_	388
Share-based compensation expense	_		_		2,981		_	2,981
Payment of dividends to shareholders	_		_		3		(5,771)	(5,768)
Payment of minimum tax withholdings on share-based awards	(1)		_		_		(82)	(82)
Repurchases and retirement of common stock	(252)		(2)		_		(23,992)	(23,994)
Issuance of share-based awards	24		_		_		_	_
Balance at June 30, 2021	27,120	\$	271	\$	252,466	\$	297,612	\$ 550,349

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements}.$ 

#### 1. Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

Forward Air Corporation and its subsidiaries ("Forward Air" or the "Company") is a leading asset-light freight and logistics company. The Company has two reportable segments: Expedited Freight and Intermodal. The Company conducts business in the United States and Canada.

The Expedited Freight segment provides expedited regional, inter-regional and national less-than-truckload ("LTL"), truckload and final mile services. Expedited Freight also offers customers local pick-up and delivery and other services including shipment consolidation and deconsolidation, warehousing, customs brokerage and other handling.

The Intermodal segment provides first- and last-mile high value intermodal container drayage services both to and from seaports and railheads. Intermodal also offers dedicated contract and container freight station ("CFS") warehouse and handling services.

The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements include Forward Air Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the year.

On April 23, 2020, the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company approved a strategy to divest the Pool Distribution business ("Pool"), and the sale of Pool was completed on February 12, 2021. Pool provided high-frequency handling and distribution of time sensitive product to numerous destinations within a specific geographic region. As a result of the strategy to divest of Pool, the results of operations for Pool were presented as a discontinued operation in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the prior period. Unless otherwise noted, amounts, percentages and discussion for the prior period reflect the results of operations, financial condition and cash flows from the Company's continuing operations. Refer to Note 3, *Discontinued Operation*, for further discussion.

#### 2. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when the Company satisfies the performance obligation by the delivery of a shipment in accordance with contractual agreements, bills of lading ("BOLs") and general tariff provisions. The amount of revenue recognized is measured as the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those services pursuant to a contract with a customer. A contract exists once the Company enters into a contractual agreement with a customer. The Company does not recognize revenue in cases where collectibility is not probable, and defers recognition until collection is probable or payment is received.

The Company generates revenue from the delivery of a shipment and the completion of related services. Revenue for the delivery of a shipment is recorded over time to coincide with when customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits of the delivery services. Accordingly, revenue billed to a customer for the transportation of freight are recognized over the transit period as the performance obligation to the customer is satisfied. The Company determines the transit period for a shipment based on the pick-up date and the delivery date, which may be estimated if delivery has not occurred as of a reporting period. The determination of the transit period and how much of it has been completed as of a given reporting date may require the Company to make judgments that impact the timing of revenue recognized. For delivery of shipments with a pick-up date in one reporting period and a delivery date in another reporting period, the Company recognizes revenue based on relative transit

time in each reporting period. A portion of the total revenue to be billed to the customer after completion of a delivery is recognized in each reporting period based on the percentage of total transit time that has been completed at the end of the applicable reporting period. Upon delivery of a shipment or related service, customers are billed according to the applicable payment terms. Related services are a separate performance obligation and include accessorial charges such as terminal handling, storage, equipment rentals and customs brokerage.

Revenue is classified based on the line of business as the Company believes that best depicts the nature, timing and amount of revenue and cash flows. For all lines of business, the Company records revenue on a gross basis as it is the principal in the transaction as the Company has discretion to determine the amount of consideration. Additionally, the Company has the discretion to select drivers and other vendors for the services provided to customers. These factors, discretion in the amount of consideration and the selection of drivers and other vendors, support revenue recognized on a gross basis.

#### 3. Discontinued Operation

As previously disclosed, on April 23, 2020, the Company made a decision to divest of Pool and the sale was completed on February 12, 2021. As a result, the results of Pool were classified to "Loss from discontinued operation, net of tax" in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for three and six months ended June 30, 2021. Certain corporate overhead and other costs previously allocated to Pool for segment reporting purposes did not qualify for classification within discontinued operation and were allocated to continuing operations. These costs were classified to the eliminations column in the segment reconciliation in Note 13, Segment Reporting.

Transition Services Agreement

On February 12, 2021, the Company entered into a Transition Services Agreement ("TSA") with TOG FAS Holdings LLC, the buyer of the Pool business. Under the TSA, the Company performed certain services on an interim basis in order to facilitate the orderly transition of the Pool business. The effective date of the TSA was February 12, 2021 and remained in effect until the date all services were completed, but no more than six months following the effective date. The TSA provided the right to extend the term of the TSA with no limit on the number of the mutually agreed upon extensions. In exchange for the services performed by the Company under the TSA, the Company received a monthly service charge. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company recognized \$241 and \$412, respectively, in "Other operating expenses" in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, for the services performed under the TSA. The TSA ended in October 2021 when all services were completed.

Additionally, under the TSA, the Company remitted payments to outside vendors on behalf of TOG FAS Holdings LLC for expenses incurred by the Pool business up to a limit of \$18,000. The Company was reimbursed by TOG FAS Holdings LLC within 60 days from the end of the month in the payment was remitted. As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company recorded a net receivable in the amount of \$104 and \$8,097 respectively, in "Other receivables" in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets for the reimbursement due to the Company. The Company evaluates the collectability of the receivables at least quarterly and if the Company is aware of the inability of TOG FAS Holdings LLC to meet its financial obligations to the Company, the Company will record a specific reserve in order to reduce the receivable to the amount the Company reasonably believes will be collected. As of June 30, 2022, the Company recorded a specific reserve in the amount of \$900 in order to reduce the receivable to the amount the Company reasonably believes will be collected.

Summarized Discontinued Operation Financial Information

A summary of the results of operations classified as a discontinued operation, net of tax, in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

·			G. M. d. F. L. L.			
	Th	ree Months Ended June 30, 2021	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021			
Operating revenue	\$	_	\$ 17,087			
Operating expenses:						
Purchased transportation		_	4,290			
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		_	9,674			
Operating leases		_	2,907			
Depreciation and amortization		_	_			
Insurance and claims		_	929			
Fuel expense		_	644			
Other operating expenses		_	2,087			
Total operating expenses		_	20,531			
Loss from discontinued operation		_	(3,444)			
Loss on sale of business			(2,860)			
Loss from discontinued operation before income taxes		_	(6,304)			
Income tax benefit		_	(771)			
Loss from discontinued operation, net of tax	\$		\$ (5,533)			

## 4. Acquisitions

Intermodal Acquisitions

In February 2021, the Company acquired certain assets and liabilities of Proficient Transport Incorporated and Proficient Trucking, Inc. (together "Proficient Transport") for \$16,339 and a potential earn-out of up to \$2,000.

The purchase agreement for Proficient Transport included an earn-out up to \$2,000 based on the achievement of certain revenue milestones over a one-year period, beginning March 1, 2021. The estimated fair value of the earn-out liability on the date of acquisition was \$829. The fair value was based on the estimated one-year performance of the acquired customer revenue and was calculated using the option pricing method.

The fair value of the earn-out liability was adjusted at each reporting period based on changes in the expected cash flows and related assumptions used in the option pricing method. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the fair value of the earn-out changed by \$\infty\$— and (\$294) respectively, and the change in fair value was recorded in "Other operating expenses" in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. During both the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the fair value of the earn-out changed by (\$333), and the change in fair value was recorded in "Other operating expenses" in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. The one-year period ended in the first quarter of 2022 and the Company paid \$\mathbb{9}1\$ in the second quarter of 2022 based on the terms of the purchase agreement. As of December 31, 2021, the fair value of the earn-out liability was \$385, which was reflected in "Other current liabilities" in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

In November 2021, the Company acquired certain assets and liabilities of BarOle Trucking, Inc. ('BarOle'') for \$35,436. BarOle is an intermodal drayage company headquartered in Roseville, Minnesota. The acquisition of BarOle provides additional capacity and resources to meet customer demands in the intermodal market, and extends the service footprint to the Minneapolis-Saint Paul, Minnesota area. In addition, BarOle has a larger terminal location, which allows for further expansion in the future. The acquisition was financed by cash flows from operations. The results of BarOle have been included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of and from the date of acquisition. The associated goodwill has been included in the Company's Intermodal reportable segment.

In May 2022, the Company acquired certain assets and liabilities of Edgmon Trucking, LLC ("Edgmon") for \$40,433 and a potential earn-out of up to \$5,000. Edgmon, headquartered in Kent, Washington, operates a terminal in Kent and a yard in Seattle, servicing both the Port of Seattle and the Port of Tacoma. The acquisition of Edgmon marks the Company's first Intermodal location on the West Coast, a key area of expansion in the Intermodal strategic growth plan. The acquisition was financed by cash flows from operations. The results of Edgmon have been included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of and from the date of acquisition. The associated goodwill has been included in the Company's Intermodal reportable segment.

The purchase agreement for Edgmon included an earn-out up to \$5,000 based on the achievement of certain profit contribution milestones over a nineteen month period, beginning May 30, 2022. An estimated fair value of the earn-out liability on the date of acquisition is in process and is excluded from the preliminary purchase price. As the Company finalizes the valuation of the preliminary purchase price, the fair value will based on the estimated nineteen month profit contribution of the acquired operations and will be calculated using the option pricing method.

Fair Value of Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed

Assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date are presented in the following table:

	BarOle			Edgmon
	November 30, 2021			May 30, 2022
Tangible assets:				
Accounts receivable	\$	2,481	\$	4,831
Property and equipment		6,464		613
Total tangible assets		8,945		5,444
Intangible assets:				
Customer relationships		12,028		17,950
Non-compete agreements		212		465
Goodwill		14,519		17,003
Total intangible assets		26,759		35,418
Total assets acquired		35,704		40,862
Liabilities assumed:				
Current liabilities		268		429
Total liabilities assumed		268		429
Net assets acquired	\$	35,436	\$	40,433

The preliminary purchase price for BarOle and Edgmon has been allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on the Company's best estimates and assumptions using the information available as of the acquisition date through the date of this filing. The provisional measurements of identifiable assets and liabilities, and the resulting goodwill related to these acquisitions are subject to adjustments in subsequent periods as the Company finalizes its purchase price allocation, including the third-party valuations. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company recorded measurement period adjustments to the provisional amounts initially recorded for acquired property and equipment and acquired customer relationships and non-compete agreements related to the BarOle acquisition. The measurement period adjustments resulted in a \$1,113 increase to acquired property and equipment and a combined \$4,955 decrease to acquired customer relationships and non-compete

agreements, with a corresponding net increase to goodwill. The Company expects to finalize the valuation as soon as practicable, but no later than one year from the respective acquisition dates.

The estimated useful life of acquired intangible assets as of the acquisition date are summarized in the following table:

	Estimated (	Jseful Lives
	BarOle	Edgmon
Customer relationships	8 years	7 years
Non-compete agreements	5 years	5 years

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#### 5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill during the six months ended June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	F	Expedited Freight	Intermodal	Consolidated
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	169,288	\$ 97,464	\$ 266,752
Acquisition		_	17,003	17,003
Acquisition adjustment		_	3,842	3,842
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	169,288	\$ 118,309	\$ 287,597

The Company's accumulated goodwill impairment is \$25,686 related to impairment charges the Company recorded during 2016 pertaining to its TLS reporting unit. The TLS reporting unit operates within the Expedited Freight reportable segment. As of June 30, 2022, approximately \$208,454 of goodwill is deductible for tax purposes.

Goodwill is tested for impairment on an annual basis and more often if indications of impairment exist. The Company conducts its annual impairment analyses as of June 30 each year. The results of the Company's goodwill impairment analyses conducted as of June 30, 2022 indicated that no reduction in the carrying amount of the goodwill was required.

# Other Intangible Assets

Changes in the carrying amount of acquired intangible assets during the six months ended June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

		Gross Carrying Amount									
_		Customer Relationships <sup>1</sup>		Non-Compete Agreements		Trade Names		Total			
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	251,377	\$	9,176	\$	1,500	\$	262,053			
Acquisition		17,950		465		_		18,415			
Acquisition adjustment		(4,254)		(701)		_		(4,955)			
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	265,073	\$	8,940	\$	1,500	\$	275,513			

	Accumulated Amortization									
	Customer Relationships <sup>1</sup>		Non-Compete Agreements		Trade Names			Total		
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	99,093	\$	6,743	\$	1,500	\$	107,336		
Amortization expense		7,513		448		_		7,961		
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	106,606	\$	7,191	\$	1,500	\$	115,297		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Carrying value as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 is inclusive of \$16,501 of accumulated impairment.

#### 6. Stock Incentive Plans

# Stock Incentive Plan

The Company recorded share-based compensation expense as follows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

		<b>Three Months Ended</b>				Six Months Ended			
	June 30, 2022			June 30, 2021		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	
Salaries, wages and employee benefits - continuing operations	\$	2,884	\$	2,463	\$	5,306	\$	4,732	
Salaries, wages and employee benefits - discontinued operation		_		_		_		16	
Total share-based compensation expense	\$	2,884	\$	2,463	\$	5,306	\$	4,748	

In May 2016, the Company adopted the 2016 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan (the "Omnibus Plan") for the issuance of up tα2,000 common shares to employees. As of June 30, 2022, approximately 687 shares remain available for grant under the Omnibus Plan.

# Stock Options

Certain executives are eligible to receive grants of stock options. Stock options vest over athree-year period from the date of grant. Share-based compensation expense associated with these awards is amortized ratably over the vesting period. The Company estimates the fair value of the grants using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

Stock option transactions during the six months ended June 30, 2022 on a continuing operations basis were as follows:

	Stock Options	V	Veighted-Average Exercise Price
Outstanding as of January 1	342	\$	58.44
Granted	64		106.13
Exercised	(3)		60.42
Forfeited	(6)		106.29
Outstanding as of June 30	397	\$	65.32

As of June 30, 2022, the total share-based compensation expense related to unvested stock options not yet recognized was \$,931, and the weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately two years.

#### Restricted Shares

The Company's primary long-term incentive plan is a restricted share award plan that entitles employees to receive shares of the Company's common stock subject to vesting requirements based on continued employment. Shares granted under the restricted share award plan are restricted from sale or transfer until vesting, and the restrictions lapse in three equal installments beginning one year after the date of grant. Dividends are paid in cash on a current basis throughout the vesting period. Share-based compensation expense associated with these awards is amortized ratably over the requisite service period.

Restricted share transactions during the six months ended June 30, 2022 on a continuing operations basis were as follows:

	Restricted Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding as of January 1	191	\$ 69.84
Granted	78	106.11
Vested	(90)	67.32
Forfeited	(17)	81.91
Outstanding as of June 30	162	\$ 87.46

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As of June 30, 2022, the total share-based compensation expense related to restricted shares not yet recognized was \$1,417, and the weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately two years.

#### Performance Awards

Performance awards are based on achieving certain financial targets, such as targets for earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, and the Company's total shareholder return as compared to the total shareholder return of a selected peer group, as determined by the Board. Performance targets are set at the beginning of each three-year measurement period. Share-based compensation expense associated with these awards is amortized ratably over the vesting period. Depending on the financial target, the compensation expense is determined based on the projected assessment of the level of performance that will be achieved. The Company estimates the fair value of the grants with a financial target based on the Company's total shareholder return using a Monte Carlo simulation model.

Performance award transactions during the six months ended June 30, 2022 on a continuing operations basis were as follows assuming target levels of performance:

	Performance Awards	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding as of January 1	79	\$ 75.61
Granted	14	127.29
Earned	(7)	63.40
Forfeited or unearned	(16)	74.79
Outstanding as of June 30	70	\$ 87.74

As of June 30, 2022, the total share-based compensation expense related to unearned performance awards not yet recognized, assuming the Company's current projected assessment of the level of performance that will be achieved, was \$4,070, and the weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately two years.

#### Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Under the 2005 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"), the Company is authorized to issue up to a remaining 318 shares of common stock to employees. These shares may be issued at a price equal to 90% of the lesser of the market value on the first day or the last day of each six-month purchase period. Common stock purchases are paid for through periodic payroll deductions and/or up to two large lump sum contributions.

Employee stock purchase plan activity and related information was as follows on a continuing operations basis:

	 Six Mon	ths En	nded
	 June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021
Shares purchased by participants under the ESPP	 5		5
Average purchase price	\$ 82.76	\$	68.76
Weighted-average fair value of each purchase right under the ESPP granted <sup>1</sup>	\$ 9.20	\$	20.99
Share-based compensation expense for ESPP	\$ 42	\$	118

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Equal to the discount from the market value of the common stock at the end of each six month purchase period.

# Director Restricted Shares

Under the Amended and Restated Non-Employee Director Stock Plan (the "Amended Plan"), approved in May 2007 and further amended in February 2013 and January 2016, up to 360 of common shares may be issued. As of June 30, 2022, approximately 60 shares remain available for grant under the Amended Plan. Under the Amended Plan, each non-employee director receives an annual grant of restricted shares of the Company's common stock. The restricted shares vest on the either of (a) the day immediately prior to the first annual shareholder meeting that occurs after the grant date or (b) one year after the grant date.

Director restricted share transactions during the six months ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Director Restricted Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding as of January 1	15	\$ 93.46
Granted	15	93.70
Vested	(15)	93.46
Forfeited	_	_
Outstanding as of June 30	15	\$ 93.70

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company recorded \$380 and \$719, respectively, of share-based compensation expense associated with these grants. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company recorded \$400 and \$728, respectively, of share-based compensation expense associated with these grants. As of June 30, 2022, the total share-based compensation expense related to the restricted shares not yet recognized was \$1,187, and the weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately less than one year.

#### 7. Indebtedness

Long-term debt consisted of the following as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

		D	ecember 31, 2021	
Credit facility, expires 2026	\$	149,250	\$	157,500
Debt issuance costs		(476)		(534)
		148,774		156,966
Less: Current portion of long-term debt		(1,495)		(1,500)
Total long-term debt, less current portion	\$	147,279	\$	155,466

In September 2017, the Company entered into a five-year senior unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Facility") with a maximum aggregate principal amount of \$150,000, with a sublimit of \$30,000 for letters of credit and a sublimit of \$30,000 for swing line loans. The maturity date of the Facility was September 29, 2022. In April 2020, the Company entered into the first amendment to the Facility, which increased the maximum aggregate principal amount to \$225,000. The Facility could have been increased by up to \$25,000 to a maximum aggregate principal amount of \$250,000 pursuant to the terms of the amended credit agreement, subject to the lenders' agreement to increase their commitments or the addition of new lenders extending such commitments. In July 2021, the Company entered into the second amendment to the Facility, which extended the maturity date to July 20, 2026 and changed the interest rate options available under the Facility. In December 2021, the Company entered into the third amendment to the Facility, which increased the amount available for borrowing under the Facility to \$450,000, consisting of a \$300,000 revolving line of credit and a term loan of \$150,000. In connection with the third amendment, the Company borrowed \$150,000 under the term loan and simultaneously repaid \$150,000 on the revolving line of credit from the borrowings received. Under the third amendment, the Facility may be increased by up to \$75,000 to a maximum aggregate principal amount of \$525,000 pursuant to the terms of the amended credit agreement, subject to the lenders' agreement to increase their commitments or the addition of new lenders extending such commitments. Such increases to the Facility may be in the form of additional revolving credit loans, term loans or a combination thereof, and are contingent upon there being no events of default under the Facility. As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had \$279,966 and \$272,466 respectively, of available borrowing capacity under the Facility.

The Facility contains covenants that, among other things, restrict the ability of the Company, without the approval of the required lenders, to engage in certain mergers, consolidations, asset sales, dividends and stock repurchases, investments, and other transactions or to incur liens or indebtedness in excess of agreed thresholds, as set forth in the credit agreement. The Company also has to fulfill financial covenants with respect to a leverage ratio and an interest coverage ratio. As of June 30, 2022, the Company was in compliance with the aforementioned covenants.

Under the amended Facility, interest accrues on the amounts outstanding under the Facility at the Company's option, at either (1) Bloomberg Short-Term Bank Yield Index rate (the "BSBY Rate"), which cannot be less than zero, plus a margin ranging from 1.25% to 1.75% based on the Company's leverage ratio, or (2) the base rate, which cannot be less than 2.00%. The base rate is the highest of (i) the federal funds rate, which cannot be less thanzero, plus 0.50%, (ii) the administrative agent's prime rate and (iii) the BSBY Rate, which cannot be less than zero, plus 1.00%, plus a margin ranging from 0.00% to 0.50% based on the Company's leverage ratio. Interest is payable in arrears for each loan that is based on the BSBY rate on the last day of the interest period applicable to each loan, and interest is payable in arrears on loans not based on the BSBY rate on the last day of each quarter. The interest rate on the outstanding borrowings under the Facility was 2.14% as of June 30, 2022 and 3.25% as of June 30, 2021.

Previously, under the Facility, interest accrued on the amounts outstanding under the Facility, at the Company's option, at either (1) London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") rate, not less than 1.00%, plus a margin ranging from 2.25% to 2.75% based on the Company's leverage ratio, or (2) base rate, which cannot be less than 3.00%. The base rate was the highest of (i) the federal funds rate, not less than zero, plus 0.50%, (ii) the administrative agent's prime rate and (iii) the LIBOR rate, not less than 1.00%, plus a margin ranging from 0.25% to 0.75% based on the Company's leverage ratio. Interest was payable in arrears for each loan that was based on the LIBOR rate on the last day of the interest period applicable to each loan, and interest was payable in arrears on loans not based on the LIBOR rate on the last day of each quarter.

Letters of Credit

The Company has an arrangement under the Facility to issue letters of credit, which guarantee the Company's obligations for potential claims exposure for insurance coverage. As of both June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, outstanding letters of credit totaled \$20,034.

#### 8. Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Restricted shares have non-forfeitable rights to dividends and as a result, are considered participating securities for purposes of computing net income (loss) per common share pursuant to the two-class method. Diluted net income (loss) per common share assumes the exercise of outstanding stock options and the vesting of performance share awards using the treasury stock method when the effects of such assumptions are dilutive.

A reconciliation of net income (loss) attributable to Forward Air and weighted-average common shares outstanding for purposes of calculating basic and diluted net income (loss) per share during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
								June 30, 2021
Numerator:								
Net income and comprehensive income from continuing operations	\$	55,430	\$	30,677	\$	98,116	\$	47,391
Net loss and comprehensive loss from discontinued operation	_							(5,533)
Net income attributable to Forward Air	\$	55,430	\$	30,677	\$	98,116	\$	41,858
Income allocated to participating securities from continuing operations		(346)		(256)		(541)		(363)
Loss allocated to participating securities from discontinued operation								
Income allocated to participating securities		(346)		(256)		(541)		(363)
Numerator for basic and diluted net income per share for continuing operations	\$	55,084	\$	30,421	\$	97,575	\$	47,028
Numerator for basic and diluted net loss per share for discontinued operation	\$		\$		\$		\$	(5,533)
Denominator:								
Denominator for basic net income per share - weighted-average number of common shares outstanding	•	26,869		27,261		26,911		27,309
Dilutive stock options and performance share awards		120		154		136		145
Denominator for diluted net income per share - weighted-average number of common shares and common share equivalents outstanding		26,989	_	27,415	_	27,047	_	27,454
Basic net income (loss) per share:								
Continuing operations	\$	2.05	\$	1.12	\$	3.63	\$	1.72
Discontinued operation		_		_		_		(0.20)
Net income per basic share	\$	2.05	\$	1.12	\$	3.63	\$	1.52
Diluted net income (loss) per share:								
Continuing operations	\$	2.04	\$	1.11	\$	3.61	\$	1.71
Discontinued operation						<u> </u>		(0.20)
Net income per diluted share	\$	2.04	\$	1.11	\$	3.61	\$	1.51

The number of shares that were not included in the calculation of net income (loss) per diluted share because to do so would have been anti-dilutive for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Six Mont	ths Ended		
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021		
Anti-dilutive stock options	57		57	39		
Anti-dilutive performance shares	13	_	13	_		
Anti-dilutive restricted shares and deferred stock units	_	_	_	15		
Total anti-dilutive shares	70		70	54		

#### 9. Income Taxes

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$2,803 and \$14,969, respectively, for continuing operations. The effective tax rate of 25.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 varied from the statutory United States federal income tax rate of 21.0% primarily due to the effect of state income taxes, net of the federal benefit, and non-deductible executive compensation, partially offset by excess tax benefits realized on share-based awards. The effective tax rate of 24.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2021 varied from the statutory United States federal income tax rate of 21.0% primarily due to the effect of state income taxes, net of the federal benefit, and non-deductible executive compensation, partially offset by excess tax benefits realized on share-based awards.

The Company recognizes income tax benefits from uncertain tax positions where the realization of the ultimate benefit is uncertain. As of both June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had \$241 of unrecognized income tax benefits, all of which would affect the Company's effective tax rate if recognized. As of both June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits of \$88. With a few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or Canadian examinations by tax authorities for years before 2014.

The sale of Pool resulted in a capital loss in the amount of \$4,230, which expires in 2026. The Company concluded that it was more likely than not the capital loss carryforward will not be realized and therefore, established a valuation allowance of \$4,230 to reserve against its capital loss carryforward. The Company also maintains a valuation allowance to reserve against its state net operating loss carryforwards of \$395. A valuation allowance is established when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company assessed the likelihood that its deferred tax assets would be recovered from estimated future taxable income and available tax planning strategies. In making this assessment, all available evidence was considered including economic climate, as well as reasonable tax planning strategies. The Company believes it is more likely than not that it will realize its remaining net deferred tax assets, net of the valuation allowance, in future years.

# 10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company categorizes its assets and liabilities into one of three levels based on the assumptions used in valuing the asset or liability. Estimates of fair value financial assets and liabilities are based on a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Observable inputs (highest level) reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs (lowest level) reflect internally developed market assumptions. In accordance with this guidance, fair value measurements are classified under the following hierarchy:

- · Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
  - Level 3 Model-derived valuations in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable.

As previously discussed in Note 4, Acquisitions, the estimated fair value of the earn-out liability was determined using the option pricing method. The significant inputs used to calculate the estimated fair value are derived from a combination of observable and unobservable market data. Observable inputs used in the option pricing method include the risk-free rate and the revenue volatility while unobservable inputs include the revenue discount rate and the estimated revenue projections.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 are summarized below:

	As of June 30, 2022								
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Earn-out liability	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
	As of December 31, 2021								
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Earn-out liability	\$		\$	_	\$	385	\$	385	

Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, and accounts payable are valued at their carrying amounts in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

The carrying amount of long-term debt under the Company's credit facility approximates fair value based on the borrowing rates currently available to the Company for a loan with similar terms and average maturity.

As of June 30, 2022, the estimated fair value of the Company's finance lease obligation, based on current borrowing rates, was \$16,386, compared to its carrying value of \$16,769. As of December 31, 2021, the estimated fair value of the Company's finance lease obligation, based on current borrowing rates, was \$14,312, compared to its carrying value of \$14,159.

## 11. Shareholders' Equity

Cash Dividends

During the first and second quarters of 2022, the Board declared and the Company has paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.24 per common share. During each quarter of 2021, the Company's Board of Directors declared and the Company has paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.21 per common share.

On July 26, 2022, the Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.24 per common share that will be paid in the third quarter of 2022.

Share Repurchase Program

On February 5, 2019, the Board approved a stock repurchase plan authorizing the repurchase of up to5,000 shares of the Company's common stock (the "2019 Repurchase Plan"). The 2019 Repurchase Plan expires when the shares authorized for repurchase are exhausted or the 2019 Repurchase Plan is canceled.

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company repurchased through open market transactions 176 shares of common stock for \$17,780, or an average of \$100.86 per share, and during the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company repurchased through open market transactions 366 shares of common stock for \$33,992, or an average of \$92.76 per share. All shares received were retired upon receipt, and the excess of the purchase price over the par value per share was recorded to "Retained Earnings" in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

As of June 30, 2022, the remaining shares permitted to be repurchased under the 2019 Repurchase Plan were approximately2,657 shares.

#### 12. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Contingencies

The Company is party to various legal claims and actions incidental to its business, including claims related to vehicle liability, workers' compensation, property damage and employee medical benefits. The Company accrues for the uninsured portion of contingent losses from these and other pending claims when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Based on the knowledge of the facts, the Company believes the resolution of claims and pending litigation, taking into account existing reserves, will not have a material adverse effect on its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Moreover, the results of complex legal proceedings are difficult to predict, and the Company's view of these matters may change in the future as the litigation and related events unfold.

Insurance coverage provides the Company with primary and excess coverage for claims related to vehicle liability, workers' compensation, property damage and employee medical benefits.

For vehicle liability, the Company retains a portion of the risk. Below is a summary of the Company's risk retention on vehicle liability insurance coverage maintained by the Company through \$10,000:

	Company Risk Retention	Frequency	Layer	Policy Term
Expedited Freight <sup>1</sup>				
LTL business	\$ 3,000	Occurrence/Accident <sup>2</sup>	\$0 to \$3,000	10/1/2021 to 10/1/2022
Truckload business	\$ 2,000	Occurrence/Accident <sup>2</sup>	\$0 to \$2,000	10/1/2021 to 10/1/2022
LTL business	\$ 6,000	Policy Term Aggregate <sup>3</sup>	\$3,000 to \$5,000	10/1/2021 to 10/1/2022
LTL, Truckload and Intermodal businesses	\$ 2,500	Policy Term Aggregate <sup>3</sup>	\$5,000 to \$10,000	10/1/2021 to 10/1/2022
Intermodal	\$ 1,000	Occurrence/Accident <sup>2</sup>	\$0 to \$1,000	10/1/2021 to 10/1/2022

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excluding the Final Mile business, which is primarily a brokered service.

Also, from time to time, when brokering freight, the Company may face claims for the "negligent selection" of outside, contracted carriers that are involved in accidents, and the Company maintains third-party liability insurance coverage with a \$100 deductible per occurrence for most of its brokered services. Additionally, the Company maintains workers' compensation insurance with a self-insured retention of \$500 per occurrence.

Insurance coverage in excess of the self-insured retention limit is an important part of the Company's risk management process. The Company accrues for the costs of the uninsured portion of pending claims within the self-insured retention based on the nature and severity of individual claims and historical claims development trends. The Company believes the recorded reserves are sufficient for all incurred claims up to the self-insured retention limits, including an estimate for claims incurred

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For each and every accident, the Company is responsible for damages and defense up to these amounts, regardless of the number of claims associated with any accident.
<sup>3</sup> During the Policy Term, the Company is responsible for damages and defense within the stated Layer up to the stated, aggregate amount of Company Risk Retention before insurance will respond.

but not reported. However, estimating the number and severity of claims, as well as related judgment or settlement amounts is inherently difficult, and the Company may fail to establish sufficient insurance reserves and adequately estimate for future insurance claims. Since the ultimate resolution of outstanding claims as well as claims incurred but not reported is uncertain, it is possible that the reserves recorded for these losses could change materially in the near term. Although, an estimate cannot be made of the range of additional loss that is at least reasonably possible.

# 13. Segment Reporting

The Company has two reportable segments: Expedited Freight and Intermodal. The Company evaluates segment performance based on income from operations. Segment results include intersegment revenues and shared costs. Costs related to the corporate headquarters, shared services and shared assets, such as trailers, are allocated to each segment based on usage. Shared assets are not allocated to each segment, but rather the shared assets, such as trailers, are allocated to the Expedited Freight segment. Corporate includes revenues and expenses as well as assets that are not attributable to any of the Company's reportable segments.

The accounting policies applied to each segment are the same as those described in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies as disclosed in Note 1 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, except for certain self-insurance loss reserves related to vehicle liability and workers' compensation. Each segment is allocated an insurance premium and deductible that corresponds to the self-insured retention limit for that particular segment. Any self-insurance loss exposure beyond the deductible allocated to each segment is recorded in Corporate.

Segment results from operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

		Three Months Ended June 30, 2022											
	Exped	ited Freight		Intermodal		Corporate		Eliminations		Consolidated - Continuing Operations			
External revenues	\$	408,814	\$	106,405	\$	_	\$	_	\$	515,219			
Intersegment revenues		43		6		_		(49)		_			
Depreciation		6,007		1,644		62		_		7,713			
Amortization		1,810		2,072		_		_		3,882			
Income (loss) from continuing operations		63,107		15,249		(2,811)		_		75,545			
Purchases of property and equipment		8,765		_		_		_		8,765			

			Thre	ee M	onths Ended June	30,	2021	
	Exped	ited Freight	Intermodal		Corporate		Eliminations	Consolidated - Continuing Operations
External revenues	\$	351,551	\$ 69,120	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 420,671
Intersegment revenues		184	13		_		(197)	_
Depreciation		4,989	835		23		_	5,847
Amortization		1,790	1,777		_		_	3,567
Income (loss) from continuing operations		34,688	8,386		(950)		_	42,124
Purchases of property and equipment		5,724	156		_		_	5,880

			Six	Mo	nths Ended June 3	0, 20	)22	
	Exped	ited Freight	Intermodal		Corporate		Eliminations	Consolidated - Continuing Operations
External revenues	\$	785,340	\$ 196,840	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 982,180
Intersegment revenues		108	11		_		(119)	_
Depreciation		11,679	2,984		101		_	14,764
Amortization		3,619	4,342		_		_	7,961
Income (loss) from continuing operations		110,787	26,395		(4,286)		_	132,896
Purchases of property and equipment		17,721	952		_		_	18,673

				Six	Mor	nths Ended June 3	0, 20	021		
	Expedi	ited Freight				Corporate		Eliminations		Consolidated - Continuing Operations
External revenues	\$	655,308	\$	127,622	\$	_	\$	_	\$	782,930
Intersegment revenues		613		25		_		(695)		(57)
Depreciation		9,982		1,634		26		_		11,642
Amortization		3,595		3,414		_		_		7,009
Income (loss) from continuing operations		59,218		12,895		(7,265)		_		64,848
Purchases of property and equipment		8,136		439		_		_		8,575

	Expe	lited Freight	Intermodal	Corporate	Eliminations	(	Consolidated - Continuing Operations
Total Assets							
As of June 30, 2022	\$	798,352	\$ 300,035	\$ 98,764	\$ (8)	\$	1,197,143
As of December 31, 2021		777,987	249,467	90,588	(219)		1,117,823

A reconciliation from the segment information to the consolidated balances for revenues is set forth below:

	 Three Mon	ıs Ended	Six Months Ended				
	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021
Intersegment revenues - continuing operations	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(57)
Intersegment revenues - discontinued operation	_		_		_		57
Consolidated intersegment revenues	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

Revenue from the individual services within the Expedited Freight segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended				Six Mon	ths Ended	
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021			June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	
Expedited Freight revenues:							
Network	\$ 263,425	\$	210,088	\$	506,839	\$	388,715
Truckload	60,144		56,968		116,052		109,348
Final Mile	73,028		69,883		138,786		132,139
Other	12,260		14,796		23,771		25,719
Total	\$ 408,857	\$	351,735	\$	785,448	\$	655,921

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

#### Overview

We are a leading asset-light freight provider of transportation services, including less-than-truckload ("LTL"), truckload, final mile and intermodal drayage services across the United States and in Canada. We offer premium services that typically require precision execution, such as expedited transit, delivery during tight time windows and special handling. We utilize an asset-light strategy to minimize our investments in equipment and facilities and to reduce our capital expenditures.

Our services are classified into two reportable segments: Expedited Freight and Intermodal.

Our Expedited Freight segment provides expedited regional, inter-regional and national LTL services. Expedited Freight also offers customers local pick-up and delivery and other services including final mile, truckload, shipment consolidation and deconsolidation, warehousing, customs brokerage and other handling. We plan to grow our LTL and final mile geographic footprints through greenfield start-ups as well as through acquisitions.

Our Intermodal segment provides first- and last-mile high value intermodal container drayage services both to and from seaports and railheads. Intermodal also offers dedicated contract and Container Freight Station ("CFS") warehouse and handling services, and in select locations, linehaul and LTL services. We plan to grow our Intermodal geographic footprint through acquisitions as well as greenfield start-ups where no suitable acquisition is available.

Our operations, particularly our network of hubs and terminals, represent substantial fixed costs. Consequently, our ability to increase our earnings depends in significant part on our ability to increase the amount of freight and the revenue per pound or shipment for the freight shipped or moved through our network. Additionally, our earnings depend on the growth of other services, such as LTL pickup and delivery, which will allow us to maintain revenue growth in a challenging freight environment. We continue to execute synergies across our services, particularly with services offered in the Expedited Freight reportable segment. Synergistic opportunities include the ability to share resources, particularly our fleet resources.

We monitor and analyze a number of key operating statistics in order to manage our business and evaluate our financial and operating performance. These key operating statistics are defined below and are referred to throughout the discussion of the financial results of our Expedited Freight and Intermodal reportable segments. Our key operating statistics should not be interpreted as better measurements of our results than income from operations as determined under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Within our Expedited Freight reportable segment, our primary revenue focus is to increase density, which is shipment and tonnage growth within our existing LTL network. Increases in density allow us to maximize our asset utilization and labor productivity, which we measure over many different functional areas of our operations including linehaul load factor, pickup and delivery ("P&D") stops per hour, P&D shipments per hour and door pounds handled per hour. In addition to our focus on density and operating efficiencies, it is critical for us to obtain an appropriate yield, which is measured as revenue per hundredweight, on the shipments we handle to offset our cost inflation and support our ongoing investments in capacity and technology. Revenue per hundredweight is also a commonly-used indicator for general pricing trends in the LTL industry and can be influenced by many other factors, such as changes in fuel surcharges, weight per shipment and length of haul. Therefore, changes in revenue per hundredweight may not necessarily indicate actual changes in underlying base rates. We regularly monitor the components of our pricing, including base freight rates, accessorial charges and fuel surcharges. The fuel surcharge is generally designed to offset fluctuations in the cost of our petroleum-based products and is indexed to diesel fuel prices published by the U.S. Department of Energy. We believe our yield management process focused on account level profitability, and ongoing improvements in operating efficiencies, are both key components of our ability to grow profitably.

The key operating statistics necessary to understand the operating results of our Expedited Fright reportable segment are described below in more detail:

Tonnage - Total weight of shipments in pounds. The level of freight tonnage is affected by economic cycles and conditions, customers' business cycles, changes in customers' business practices and capacity in the truckload market.

Weight Per Shipment - Total pounds divided by the number of shipments. Fluctuations in weight per shipment can indicate changes in the mix of freight we receive from our customers, as well as changes in the number of units included in a shipment. Generally, increases in weight per shipment indicate higher demand and overall increased economic activity. Changes in weight per shipment can also be influenced by shifts between LTL and other modes of

transportation, such as truckload, in response to capacity, service and pricing issues. Fluctuations in weight per shipment generally have an inverse effect on our revenue per hundredweight, as a decrease in weight per shipment will typically cause an increase in revenue per hundredweight.

Revenue Per Hundredweight - Network revenue per every 100 pounds of shipment weight. Our LTL transportation services are generally priced based on weight, commodity, and distance. Our pricing policies are reflective of the services we provide, and can be influenced by competitive market conditions. Changes in the freight profile factors such as average shipment size, average length of haul, freight density, and customer and geographic mix can impact the revenue per hundredweight. Fuel surcharges and intercompany revenue between Network and Truckload are included in this measurement.

Revenue Per Shipment - Network revenue divided by the number of shipments. Fuel surcharges and intercompany revenue between Network and Truckload are included in this measurement.

Average Length of Haul - Total miles between origin and destination service centers for all shipments, with miles based on the size of shipments. Length of haul is used to analyze our tonnage and pricing trends for shipments with similar characteristics. Changes in length of haul generally have a direct effect on our revenue per hundredweight, as an increase in length of haul will typically cause an increase in revenue per hundredweight.

Within our Intermodal reportable segment, our primary revenue focus is to increase the number of shipments. The key operating statistic necessary to understand the operating results of our Intermodal reportable segment is described below in more detail:

**Drayage Revenue Per Shipment** - Intermodal revenue divided by the number of drayage shipments. Revenue derived from container freight station warehouse and handling, and linehaul and LTL services is excluded from this measurement. Fuel surcharges and accessorial charges are included in this measurement.

On April 23, 2020, our Board of Directors (the "Board") approved a strategy to divest of the Pool Distribution business ("Pool"), and the sale of Pool was completed on February 12, 2021. Pool provided high-frequency handling and distribution of time sensitive product to numerous destinations within a specific geographic region. As a result of the strategy to divest of Pool, the results of operations for Pool were presented as a discontinued operation in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the prior period. Unless otherwise noted, amounts, percentages and discussion for the prior period reflect the results of operations, financial condition and cash flows from our continuing operations. Refer to Note 3, Discontinued Operation, to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

#### Trends and Developments

#### COVID-19

Our business is highly susceptible to changes in economic conditions. Our products and services are directly tied to the production and sale of goods and, more generally, to the North American economy. The COVID-19 pandemic adversely impacted economic activity and conditions worldwide and created significant volatility and disruption to the financial markets. Efforts to control the spread of COVID-19 led governments and other authorities to impose restrictions which resulted in business closures and disrupted supply chains worldwide. As a result, transportation and supply chain companies such as ours experienced slowdowns and reduced demand for our services.

Although our business and operations have returned to pre-COVID levels, the situation surrounding COVID-19 and its variants remains fluid and may be further impacted by the policies of President Biden's administration, the availability and success of a vaccine and vaccination rates. The extent to which outbreaks of COVID-19 and its variants impacts our business, results of operations and financial condition in 2022 will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted by, including, but not limited to the duration, spread, severity and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak, including the new variants, the effects of the outbreak on our customers and suppliers and the remedial actions and stimulus measures adopted by local and federal governments, and to what extent normal economic and operating conditions can resume

In addition, although we believe we have sufficient capital and liquidity to manage our business over the short- and long-term, our liquidity may be materially affected if conditions in the credit and financial markets deteriorate as a result of COVID-19 including failure by us or our customers to secure any necessary financing in a timely manner.

#### Labor Shortages

Like many other businesses affected by current macroeconomic conditions, we are experiencing a labor shortage relating to our employee drivers, terminal and dock workers and otherwise throughout our business and operations. We are also operating in an environment where competition is intense for independent fleet owner-operators, creating shortages in the marketplace. These factors have adversely affected our operations, by increasing our operational costs for labor and purchased transportation. The steps we have taken to address these shortages include paying sign-on bonuses, and offering enhanced wages in select competitive markets. These measures have increased costs in certain areas of our business. We will continue our efforts to mitigate the effects of the labor shortages and other inflationary conditions through similar actions.

#### Fuel

We depend heavily upon the availability of adequate diesel fuel supplies, and recently, fuel availability and prices have fluctuated significantly. Fuel availability and prices can be impacted by factors beyond our control, such as natural or man-made disasters, adverse weather conditions, political events, economic sanctions imposed against oil-producing countries or specific industry participants, disruptions or failure of technology or information systems, price and supply decisions by oil producing countries and cartels, terrorist activities, armed conflict, tariffs, sanctions, other changes to trade agreements and world supply and demand imbalance. Through our fuel surcharge programs, we have been able to mitigate the impact of fluctuations in fuel prices. Our fuel surcharge rates are set weekly based on the national average for fuel prices as published by the U.S. Department of Energy and our fuel surcharge table. In periods of changing fuel prices, our fuel surcharges vary by different degrees and may not fully offset fuel price fluctuations or may result in higher than expected increases in revenue. Fuel shortages, changes in fuel prices, and the potential volatility in fuel surcharge revenue may impact our results of operations and overall profitability. Fuel surcharge revenue as a percentage of operating revenues increased to 18.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 11.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2021, as a result of the changes in fuel prices.

## Environmental Protection and Community Support

We embrace a comprehensive definition of sustainability that addresses Environmental, Social, and Governance factors ("ESG"). To our employees, our communities, our customers, our suppliers, and our investors, each impact area matters.

The following are the ten ESG topic priority areas we identified relevant to our business and the foundation for our sustainability approach:

Roadway Health and Safety; Workplace Health and Safety; Independent Contractor Practices; Diversity and Inclusion Practices; Community Impact and Partnerships;
 Measure and Disclose; Information Security; Responsible Supplier Practices; Green House Gas ("GHG") Emissions Reduction Practices; and Air Quality Practices

We are committed to supporting and giving back to the communities where we live and work, particularly through the support of our employee Veterans, and to the community of Veterans in North America. We continue to support our Veterans through our charitable organization, Operation: Forward Freedom, a manifestation of our ongoing commitment to Veteran-related causes. Operation Forward Freedom's largest fundraising event was The Inaugural Drive for Hope Golf tournament. The Drive For Hope Golf Tournament which took place on May 19, 2022 was a huge success, raising \$375,000 for injured service members and veterans.

In addition, we partner with non-profit organizations that positively impact our communities and our industry. Through our partnership with Truckers Against Trafficking, we have conducted training for over-the-road drivers to educate and equip them with the tools needed to combat human trafficking. We also partner with Women in Trucking to encourage and promote the employment of women within our industry. Our team of drivers is currently comprised of 15% women, roughly twice the U.S. industry average, and we continue to seek opportunities to improve upon that percentage.

We are committed to promoting a healthier natural environment by striving for continuous environmental improvements in all aspects of our business. We are currently reducing emissions and energy consumption through several ongoing programs and are committed to tracking and reducing our GHG emissions and improving energy efficiency. We are also aligning with industry certifications, continuing to be a SmartWay certified company. SmartWay is a certification from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") verifying company compliance with EPA regulations, including fuel efficiency ranges and emission standards.

In 2021, we published our first ESG Report outlining our commitments and associated focus areas. Since publication, we have been focused on data aggregation. In our future reporting, we will incorporate data requirements identified by widely accepted sustainability frameworks and set measurable targets and goals for our priority areas. We are committed to making our results count across the country and will continue to update our future disclosures accordingly.

# Results from Operations

The following table sets forth our consolidated financial data for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (unaudited and in thousands):

			Three Mon	ths Eı	ıded	
	 June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		Change	Percent Change
Operating revenues:						
Expedited Freight	\$ 408,857	\$	351,735	\$	57,122	16.2 %
Intermodal	106,411		69,133		37,278	53.9
Eliminations and other operations	(49)		(197)		148	(75.1)
Operating revenues	515,219		420,671		94,548	22.5
Operating expenses:						
Purchased transportation	239,490		215,217		24,273	11.3
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	86,358		84,641		1,717	2.0
Operating leases	23,459		20,370		3,089	15.2
Depreciation and amortization	11,595		9,414		2,181	23.2
Insurance and claims	13,196		10,891		2,305	21.2
Fuel expense	8,314		4,059		4,255	104.8
Other operating expenses	57,262		33,955		23,307	68.6
Total operating expenses	 439,674		378,547		61,127	16.1
Income (loss) from continuing operations:						
Expedited Freight	63,107		34,688		28,419	81.9
Intermodal	15,249		8,386		6,863	81.8
Other Operations	(2,811)		(950)		(1,861)	195.9
Income from continuing operations	 75,545		42,124		33,421	79.3
Other expense:	 					
Interest expense	(1,193)		(1,323)		130	(9.8)
Total other expense	 (1,193)		(1,323)		130	(9.8)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	 74,352	· ·	40,801		33,551	82.2
Income tax expense	18,922		10,124		8,798	86.9
Net income from continuing operations	55,430		30,677		24,753	80.7
Loss from discontinued operation, net of tax	_		_		_	_
Net income and comprehensive income	\$ 55,430	\$	30,677	\$	24,753	80.7 %

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#### **Operating Revenues**

Operating revenues increased \$94,548, or 22.5%, to \$515,219 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$420,671 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily due to an increase in our Expedited Freight segment of \$57,122 driven by Network, Truckload and Final Mile revenue, and in our Intermodal segment of \$37,278, driven by increased drayage and accessorial revenues.

## **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses increased \$61,127, or 16.1%, to \$439,674 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$378,547 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily due to an increase in purchased transportation expense of \$24,273, fuel expense of \$4,255 and other operating expenses of \$23,307 in both our Expedited Freight and Intermodal segments. Purchased transportation expense includes our independent contractor fleet owners and owner-operators, who lease their equipment to our motor carrier ("Leased Capacity Providers") and third party carriers, while Company-employed drivers are included in salaries, wages and employee benefits. Purchased transportation expense increased due to higher Leased Capacity Provider and third party carrier costs, and the utilization of more third party carriers over the prior year. Fuel expense increased due to rise in the average price of fuel in the second quarter of 2022. Other operating expenses increased due to higher bad debt expense, travel expenses, recruiting costs, terminal and office expenses, and legal and professional fees. Other operating expenses also increased due to additional expenses incurred in support of the higher accessorial revenues as noted above for the Intermodal segment.

## Income from Continuing Operations and Segment Operations

Income from continuing operations increased \$33,421, or 79.3%, to \$75,545 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$42,124 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily driven by an increase in income from continuing operations in our Expedited Freight segment and Intermodal segment of \$28,419 and \$6,863, respectively. The results of our two reportable segments are discussed below in more detail.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$1,193 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$1,323 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease in interest expense was due to a lower variable interest rate during the second quarter of 2022 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The interest rate on the outstanding borrowings under our credit facility was 2.14% and 3.25% during the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### Income Taxes on a Continuing Basis

The effective tax rate on a continuing basis for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was 25.4% compared to 24.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The higher effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was primarily due to decreased excess tax benefits realized on share-based awards in 2022 compared to the same period in 2021.

#### Net Income

As a result of the foregoing factors, net income increased \$24,753, or 80.7%, to \$55,430 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$30,677 for the three months ended June 30, 2021.

# Expedited Freight - Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

The following table sets forth the financial data of our Expedited Freight segment for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (unaudited and in thousands):

	Three Months Ended										
	June 30, 2022	Percent of Revenue	June 30, 2021	Percent of Revenue	Change	Percent Change					
Operating revenues:											
Network <sup>1</sup>	\$ 263,425	64.4 %	\$ 210,088	59.7 %	\$ 53,337	25.4 %					
Truckload	60,144	14.7	56,968	16.2	3,176	5.6					
Final Mile	73,028	17.9	69,883	19.9	3,145	4.5					
Other	12,260	3.0	14,796	4.2	(2,536)	(17.1)					
Total operating revenues	408,857	100.0	351,735	100.0	57,122	16.2					
Operating expenses:											
Purchased transportation	212,575	52.0	191,648	54.5	20,927	10.9					
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	69,497	17.0	67,560	19.2	1,937	2.9					
Operating leases	15,933	3.9	14,868	4.2	1,065	7.2					
Depreciation and amortization	7,817	1.9	6,779	1.9	1,038	15.3					
Insurance and claims	8,311	2.0	8,385	2.4	(74)	(0.9)					
Fuel expense	3,229	0.8	2,147	0.6	1,082	50.4					
Other operating expenses	28,388	7.0	25,660	7.3	2,728	10.6					
Total operating expenses	345,750	84.6	317,047	90.1	28,703	9.1					
Income from operations	\$ 63,107	15.4 %	\$ 34,688	9.9 %	\$ 28,419	81.9 %					

<sup>1</sup> Network revenue is comprised of all revenue, including linehaul, pickup and/or delivery, and fuel surcharge revenue, excluding accessorial, Truckload and Final Mile revenue.

# **Expedited Freight Operating Statistics**

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>						
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percent Change				
Business days	64	64	— %				
Tonnage <sup>1,2</sup>							
Total pounds	730,128	728,191	0.3				
Pounds per day	11,408	11,378	0.3				
Shipments <sup>1,2</sup>							
Total shipments	961	1,096	(12.3)				
Shipments per day	15.0	17.1	(12.3)				
Weight per shipment	760	664	14.5				
Revenue per hundredweight <sup>3</sup>	\$ 35.99	\$ 29.45	22.2				
Revenue per hundredweight, ex fueß	\$ 27.13	\$ 24.68	9.9				
Revenue per shipment <sup>3</sup>	\$ 273.52	\$ 195.64	39.8				
Revenue per shipment, ex fueß	\$ 206.21	\$ 163.97	25.8				

<sup>1</sup> In thousands

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Excludes accessorial, Truckload and Final Mile products

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3}$  Includes intercompany revenue between the Network and Truckload revenue streams

#### **Operating Revenues**

Expedited Freight operating revenues increased \$57,122, or 16.2%, to \$408,857 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$351,735 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was attributable to higher Network, Truckload and Final Mile revenue. Network revenue increased due to a 0.3% increase in tonnage and a 9.9% increase in revenue per hundredweight ex fuel as compared to the prior year. The increase in tonnage reflects an increase in weight per shipment of 14.5% on 12.3% fewer number of shipments. The increase in the weight per shipment was the result of more dense freight in our network driven by our freight rationalization actions to capture higher quality freight. The increase in the revenue per hundredweight ex fuel was driven by the execution of our revenue growth strategies, pricing initiatives, including our general rate increase, and continued strong demand for our services. Network fuel surcharge revenue increased \$29,950, or 86.3% as a result of the rise in rise in the average price of fuel. Truckload and Final Mile revenue increased \$3,176 and \$3,145, respectively, primarily due to continued strong demand for our services. Other revenue, which includes warehousing and terminal handling, decreased \$2,536 due to the lower number of shipments.

#### **Purchased Transportation**

Expedited Freight purchased transportation increased \$20,927, or 10.9%, to \$212,575 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$191,648 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Purchased transportation was 52.0% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 54.5% for the same period in 2021. Expedited Freight purchased transportation includes Leased Capacity Providers and third party carriers, while Company-employed drivers are included in salaries, wages and employee benefits. The increase in purchased transportation expense was primarily due to higher Leased Capacity Provider and third party carrier costs, partially offset by the change in the mix of freight capacity purchased from Leased Capacity Providers, third party carriers and Company-employed drivers for Network and Truckload services. In the second quarter of 2022, we purchased 64.5%, 32.3% and 3.2% of our freight capacity from Leased Capacity Providers, third party carriers and Company-employed drivers, respectively. This compares to 63.0%, 33.7% and 3.3% in the same period in 2021.

## Salaries, Wages and Employee Benefits

Expedited Freight salaries, wages and employee benefits increased \$1,937, or 2.9%, to \$69,497 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$67,560 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Salaries, wages and employee benefits were 17.0% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 19.2% for the same period in 2021. The increase in salaries, wages and employee benefits expense was primarily due to additional employees hired in response to the increased volumes in the second quarter of 2022 and higher salaries and wages as compared to the same period in 2021.

## **Operating Leases**

Expedited Freight operating leases increased \$1,065, or 7.2%, to \$15,933 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$14,868 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Operating leases were 3.9% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 4.2% for the same period in 2021. The increase in operating leases expense was primarily due to higher facility expense in the second quarter of 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### Depreciation and Amortization

Expedited Freight depreciation and amortization increased \$1,038, or 15.3%, to \$7,817 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$6,779 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Depreciation and amortization was 1.9% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for both the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The increase in depreciation and amortization expense was primarily due to an increase in equipment depreciation in the second quarter of 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### Insurance and Claims

Expedited Freight insurance and claims decreased \$74, or 0.9%, to \$8,311 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$8,385 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Insurance and claims was 2.0% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 2.4% for the same period in 2021. The decrease in insurance and claims expense was primarily due to a decrease in vehicle liability and cargo claims, offset by an increase in vehicle repairs and insurance premiums in the second quarter of 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021. See additional discussion over the consolidated change in self-insurance reserves in the "Other Operations" section below.

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#### Fuel Expense

Expedited Freight fuel expense increased \$1,082, or 50.4%, to \$3,229 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$2,147 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Fuel expense was 0.8% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 0.6% for the same period in 2021. Fuel expense increased primarily due to a rise in the average price of fuel in the second quarter of 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### Other Operating Expenses

Expedited Freight other operating expenses increased \$2,728, or 10.6%, to \$28,388 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$25,660 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Other operating expenses were 7.0% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 7.3% for the same period in 2021. Other operating expenses include equipment maintenance, facility expenses, legal and professional fees, and other over-the-road costs. The increase in other operating expenses was primarily due to an increase in equipment maintenance costs, terminal and office expenses, recruiting costs, professional fees and travel expenses in the second quarter of 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### Income from Operations

Expedited Freight income from operations increased \$28,419, or 81.9%, to \$63,107 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$34,688 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Income from operations was 15.4% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 9.9% for the same period in 2021. The increase in income from operations as a percentage of operating revenues was primarily due to increased tonnage and revenue per hundredweight ex fuel combined with higher fuel surcharge revenue, partially offset by higher Leased Capacity Provider and third party carrier costs.

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# Intermodal - Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

The following table sets forth the financial data of our Intermodal segment for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (unaudited and in thousands):

	Three Months Ended											
	 June 30, 2022	Percent of Revenue		June 30, 2021	Percent of Revenue		Change	Percent Change				
Operating revenues	\$ 106,411	100.0 %	\$	69,133	100.0 %	\$	37,278	53.9 %				
Operating expenses:												
Purchased transportation	26,963	25.3		23,767	34.4		3,196	13.4				
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	18,831	17.7		16,230	23.5		2,601	16.0				
Operating leases	7,526	7.1		5,500	8.0		2,026	36.8				
Depreciation and amortization	3,716	3.5		2,612	3.8		1,104	42.3				
Insurance and claims	2,338	2.2		2,355	3.4		(17)	(0.7)				
Fuel expense	5,084	4.8		1,912	2.8		3,172	165.9				
Other operating expenses	26,704	25.1		8,371	12.1		18,333	219.0				
Total operating expenses	 91,162	85.7		60,747	87.9		30,415	50.1				
Income from operations	\$ 15,249	14.3 %	\$	8,386	12.1 %	\$	6,863	81.8 %				

Intermodal	O	nerating	Statistics
Intermoual	v	Dei aume	Statistics

		Three Months Ended			
	June 202		June 30, 2021	Percent Change	
Drayage shipments		92,786	96,805	(4.2)%	
Drayage revenue per shipment <sup>1</sup>	\$	979 \$	618	58.4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes revenue derived from container freight station warehouse and handling, and linehaul and LTL services.

#### **Operating Revenues**

Intermodal operating revenues increased \$37,278, or 53.9%, to \$106,411 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$69,133 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The increase in operating revenue was primarily due to a 58.4% increase in drayage revenue per shipment as compared to the same period in 2021. The increase in drayage revenue per shipment was driven by the execution of our pricing initiatives, the acquisition of BarOle in November 2021 and Edgmon in May 2022, higher accessorial revenue in support of our customers and continued strong demand for our services. In addition, fuel surcharge revenue increased \$7,710, or 109.3% as a result of the rise inrise in the average price of fuel.

#### **Purchased Transportation**

Intermodal purchased transportation increased \$3,196, or 13.4%, to \$26,963 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$23,767 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Purchased transportation was 25.3% of Intermodal operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 34.4% for the same period in 2021. Intermodal purchased transportation includes Leased Capacity Providers and third party carriers, while Company-employed drivers are included in salaries, wages and employee benefits. The increase in purchased transportation costs was primarily due to higher Leased Capacity Provider and third party carrier costs, and the change in the mix of freight capacity purchased from Leased Capacity Providers, third party carriers and Company-employed drivers.

#### Salaries, Wages and Employee Benefits

Intermodal salaries, wages and employee benefits increased \$2,601, or 16.0%, to \$18,831 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$16,230 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Salaries, wages and employee benefits were 17.7% of Intermodal operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 23.5% for the same period in 2021. The increase in salaries, wages and employee benefits expense was primarily due to additional employees hired in the second quarter of 2022 and an increased reserve for incentive compensation as compared to the same period in 2021.

# **Operating Leases**

Intermodal operating leases increased \$2,026, or 36.8%, to \$7,526 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$5,500 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Operating leases were 7.1% of Intermodal operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 8.0% for the same period in 2021. The increase in operating leases expense was primarily due to additional equipment leases in the second quarter of 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### Depreciation and Amortization

Intermodal depreciation and amortization increased \$1,104, or 42.3%, to \$3,716 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$2,612 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Depreciation and amortization was 3.5% of Intermodal operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 3.8% for the same period in 2021. The increase in depreciation and amortization expense was primarily due to the equipment and intangible assets acquired in connection with the acquisitions completed in the fourth quarter of 2021 and the second quarter of 2022.

#### Insurance and Claims

Intermodal insurance and claims decreased \$17, or 0.7%, to \$2,338 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$2,355 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Insurance and claims were 2.2% of Intermodal operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 3.4% for the same period in 2021. The decrease in insurance and claims expense was primarily due to the decrease in insurance premiums, offset by an increase in vehicle liability claims and vehicle repairs during the second quarter of 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021. See additional discussion over the consolidated change in self-insurance reserves in the "Other Operations" section below.

# Fuel Expense

Intermodal fuel expense increased \$3,172, or 165.9%, to \$5,084 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$1,912 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Fuel expense was 4.8% of Intermodal operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 2.8% for the same period in 2021. Intermodal fuel expense increased primarily due to the rise in the average price of fuel in the second quarter of 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### Other Operating Expenses

Intermodal other operating expenses increased \$18,333, or 219.0%, to \$26,704 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$8,371 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Other operating expenses were 25.1% of Intermodal operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 12.1% for the same period in 2021. The increase in Intermodal other operating expenses was primarily due to additional expenses incurred in support of the increased accessorial revenues, increased bad debt expense and higher professional fees in the second quarter of 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### **Income from Operations**

Intermodal income from operations increased \$6,863, or 81.8%, to \$15,249 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$8,386 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Income from operations was 14.3% of Intermodal operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 12.1% for the same period in 2021. The increase in income from operations as a percentage of operating revenues was primarily due to increased drayage revenue per shipment, partially offset by the change in mix of freight capacity purchased from Leased Capacity Providers, third party carriers and Company-employed drivers and higher Leased Capacity Provider and third party carrier costs.

# Other Operations - Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

Other operations included an \$2,811 operating loss during the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to a \$950 operating loss during the three months ended June 30, 2021. The change in the operating loss was primarily due to an increase in self-insurance reserves for vehicle liability claims, legal reserves, bad debt expense related to other receivables and professional fees, partially offset by a decrease in the reserves for group health insurance claims. The increase in the self-insurance reserves for vehicle liability claims was due to the unfavorable loss development factor of historical claims.

# Results from Operations

The following table sets forth our consolidated financial data for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (unaudited and in thousands):

	 Six Months Ended					
	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		Change	Percent Change
Operating revenues:	 					
Expedited Freight	\$ 785,448	\$	655,921	\$	129,527	19.7 %
Intermodal	196,851		127,647		69,204	54.2
Eliminations and other operations	(119)		(695)		576	(82.9)
Operating revenues	982,180		782,873		199,307	25.5
Operating expenses:						
Purchased transportation	464,322		399,825		64,497	16.1
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	172,439		159,538		12,901	8.1
Operating leases	46,132		39,537		6,595	16.7
Depreciation and amortization	22,725		18,651		4,074	21.8
Insurance and claims	25,164		20,632		4,532	22.0
Fuel expense	14,179		7,761		6,418	82.7
Other operating expenses	 104,323		72,081		32,242	44.7
Total operating expenses	849,284		718,025		131,259	18.3
Income (loss) from continuing operations:	 					
Expedited Freight	110,787		59,218		51,569	87.1
Intermodal	26,395		12,895		13,500	104.7
Other Operations	(4,286)		(7,265)		2,979	(41.0)
Income from continuing operations	 132,896		64,848		68,048	104.9
Other expense:	 					
Interest expense	(1,977)		(2,488)		511	(20.5)
Total other expense	 (1,977)		(2,488)		511	(20.5)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	 130,919		62,360		68,559	109.9
Income tax expense	32,803		14,969		17,834	119.1
Net income from continuing operations	98,116		47,391		50,725	107.0
Loss from discontinued operation, net of tax	_		(5,533)		5,533	(100.0)
Net income and comprehensive income	\$ 98,116	\$	41,858	\$	56,258	134.4 %

#### **Operating Revenues**

Operating revenues increased \$199,307, or 25.5% to \$982,180 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$782,873 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily due to an increase in our Expedited Freight segment of \$129,527, driven by increased Network, Truckload and Final Mile revenue, and in our Intermodal segment of \$69,204 driven by increased drayage and accessorial revenues.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses increased \$131,259, or 18.3%, to \$849,284 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$718,025 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily due to an increase in purchased transportation expense of \$64,497, salaries, wages and employee benefits of \$12,901 and other operating expenses of \$32,242 in both our Expedited Freight and Intermodal segments. Purchased transportation expense includes Leased Capacity Providers and third party carriers, while Company-employed drivers are included in salaries, wages and employee benefits. Purchased transportation expense increased due to higher Lease Capacity Provider and third party carrier costs, and the utilization of more third party carriers over the prior year. Salaries, wages and employee benefits increased primarily due to the additional employees hired in response to the increase in volumes in 2022, higher salaries and wages, and an increased reserve for incentive compensation. Other operating expenses increased due to higher bad debt expense, travel expenses, recruiting costs, and terminal and office expenses, partially offset by lower professional fees. Other operating expenses also increased due to additional expenses incurred in support of the increased accessorial revenues as noted above for the Intermodal segment.

#### Income from Continuing Operations and Segment Operations

Income from continuing operations increased \$68,048, or 104.9%, to \$132,896 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$64,848 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily driven by an increase in income from continuing operations in our Expedited Freight segment and Intermodal segment of \$51,569 and \$13,500, respectively. The results of our two reportable segments are discussed below in the following sections.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$1,977 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$2,488 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease in interest expense was due to a lower variable interest rate during the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The interest rate on the outstanding borrowings under our credit facility was 1.80% and 3.25% during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### Income Taxes on a Continuing Basis

The effective tax rate on a continuing basis for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was 25.1% compared to a rate of 24.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The higher effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was primarily due to decreased excess tax benefits realized on share-based awards in 2022 compared to the same period in 2021.

# Loss from Discontinued Operation, net of tax

There was no loss from discontinued operation, net of tax for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to a loss from discontinued operation, net of tax of \$5,533 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Loss from discontinued operation includes our Pool business and, as discussed above, the Pool business was sold on February 12, 2021.

# Net Income

As a result of the foregoing factors, net income increased by \$56,258, or 134.4%, to \$98,116 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$41,858 for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

# Expedited Freight - Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

The following table sets forth the financial data of our Expedited Freight segment for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (unaudited and in thousands):

	Six Months Ended								
		June 30, 2022			June 30, 2021			Change	Percent Change
Operating revenues:									
Network <sup>1</sup>	\$	506,839	64.5 %	\$	388,715	59.3 %	\$	118,124	30.4 %
Truckload		116,052	14.8		109,348	16.7		6,704	6.1
Final Mile		138,786	17.7		132,139	20.1		6,647	5.0
Other		23,771	3.0		25,719	3.9		(1,948)	(7.6)
Total operating revenues		785,448	100.0		655,921	100.0		129,527	19.7
Operating expenses:									
Purchased transportation		412,609	52.5		356,012	54.3		56,597	15.9
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		137,717	17.5		129,247	19.7		8,470	6.6
Operating leases		31,664	4.0		29,086	4.4		2,578	8.9
Depreciation and amortization		15,298	1.9		13,577	2.1		1,721	12.7
Insurance and claims		17,062	2.2		15,996	2.4		1,066	6.7
Fuel expense		5,879	0.7		4,140	0.6		1,739	42.0
Other operating expenses		54,432	6.9		48,645	7.4		5,787	11.9
Total operating expenses		674,661	85.9		596,703	91.0		77,958	13.1
Income from operations	\$	110,787	14.1 %	\$	59,218	9.0 %	\$	51,569	87.1 %

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup> Network\ revenue\ is\ comprised\ of\ all\ revenue,\ including\ line haul,\ pickup\ and/or\ delivery,\ and\ fuel\ surcharge\ revenue,\ excluding\ accessorial,\ Truckload\ and\ Final\ Mile\ revenue.$ 

# **Expedited Freight Operating Statistics**

		Six Months Ended			
	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	Percent Change	
Business days		128	127	0.8 %	
Tonnage <sup>1,2</sup>					
Total pounds	1,44	7,740	1,379,530	4.9	
Pounds per day	1	,310	10,862	4.1	
Shipments <sup>1,2</sup>					
Total shipments		,853	2,122	(12.7)	
Shipments per day		14.5	16.7	(13.2)	
Weight per shipment		781	650	20.2	
Revenue per hundredweight <sup>3</sup>	\$	5.19	\$ 28.30	24.3	
Revenue per hundredweight, ex fueß	\$	26.94	\$ 24.30	10.9	
Revenue per shipment <sup>3</sup>	\$ 2	75.01	183.98	49.5	
Revenue per shipment, ex fueß	\$ 2	0.51	157.94	33.3	

<sup>1</sup> In thousands

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Excludes accessorial, Truckload and Final Mile products

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes intercompany revenue between the Network and Truckload revenue streams

#### **Operating Revenues**

Expedited Freight operating revenues increased \$129,527, or 19.7%, to \$785,448 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$655,921 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was attributable to higher Network, Truckload and Final Mile revenue. Network revenue increased due to a 4.9% increase in tonnage and a 10.9% increase in revenue per hundredweight ex fuel as compared to the prior year. The increase in tonnage reflects an increase in weight per shipment of 20.2% on 12.7% fewer number of shipments. The increase in the weight per shipment was the result of more dense freight in our network driven by our freight rationalization actions to capture higher quality freight. The increase in the revenue per hundredweight ex fuel was driven by the execution of our revenue growth strategies, pricing initiatives, including our general rate increase, and continued strong demand for our services. Network fuel surcharge revenue increased \$52,070, or 83.7% as a result of the rise in the average price of fuel and an increase in tonnage. Truckload and Final Mile revenue increased \$6,704 and \$6,647, respectively, primarily due to continued strong demand for our services. Other revenue, which includes warehousing and terminal handling, decreased \$1,948 due to the lower number of shipments.

#### **Purchased Transportation**

Expedited Freight purchased transportation increased \$56,597, or 15.9%, to \$412,609 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$356,012 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Purchased transportation was 52.5% of Expedited Freight operating revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 54.3% for the same period in 2021. Expedited Freight purchased transportation includes Leased Capacity Providers and third party carriers, while Company-employed drivers are included in salaries, wages and employee benefits. The increase in purchased transportation expense was primarily due to higher Leased Capacity Provider and third party carrier costs, and the change in the mix of freight capacity purchased from Leased Capacity Providers, third party carriers and Company-employed drivers for Network and Truckload services. For the six months ended June 30, 2022, we purchased 62.6%, 34.1% and 3.3% of our freight capacity from Leased Capacity Providers, third party carriers and Company-employed drivers, respectively. This compares to 63.8%, 32.6% and 3.6% in the same period in 2021.

### Salaries, Wages, and Employee Benefits

Expedited Freight salaries, wages and employee benefits increased \$8,470, or 6.6%, to \$137,717 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$129,247 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Salaries, wages and employee benefits were 17.5% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 19.7% for the same period in 2021. The increase in salaries, wages and employee benefits expense was primarily due to additional employees hired in response to the increased volumes for the six months ended June 30, 2022, higher salaries and wages and an increased reserve for incentive compensation as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### **Operating Leases**

Expedited Freight operating leases increased \$2,578, or 8.9%, to \$31,664 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$29,086 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Operating leases were 4.0% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 4.4% for the same period in 2021. The increase in operating leases expense was primarily due to higher facility expense, partially offset by fewer equipment leases for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

# Depreciation and Amortization

Expedited Freight depreciation and amortization increased \$1,721, or 12.7%, to \$15,298 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$13,577 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Depreciation and amortization was 1.9% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 2.1% for the same period in 2021. The increase in depreciation and amortization expense was primarily due to an increase in equipment depreciation for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### Insurance and Claims

Expedited Freight insurance and claims increased \$1,066, or 6.7%, to \$17,062 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$15,996 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Insurance and claims were 2.2% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 2.4% for the same period in 2021. The increase in insurance and claims expense was primarily due to an increase in vehicle repairs and insurance premiums, partially offset by a decrease in cargo claims for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021. See additional discussion over the consolidated change in self-insurance reserves in the "Other Operations" section below.

### Fuel Expense

Expedited Freight fuel expense increased \$1,739, or 42.0%, to \$5,879 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$4,140 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Fuel expense was 0.7% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 0.6% for the same period in 2021. Fuel expense increased primarily due to the rise in the average price of fuel during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

#### Other Operating Expenses

Expedited Freight other operating expenses increased \$5,787, or 11.9%, to \$54,432 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$48,645 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Other operating expenses were 6.9% of Expedited Freight operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 7.4% for the same period in 2021. Other operating expenses include equipment maintenance, facility expenses, legal and professional fees, and other over-the-road costs. The increase in other operating expenses was primarily due to an increase in equipment maintenance costs, terminal and office expenses, recruiting costs, professional fees and travel expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### **Income from Operations**

Expedited Freight income from operations increased \$51,569, or 87.1%, to \$110,787 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$59,218 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Income from operations was 14.1% of Expedited Freight operating revenues in the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 9.0% for the same period in 2021. The increase in income from operations as a percentage of operating revenues was primarily due to increased tonnage and revenue per hundredweight ex fuel combined with higher fuel surcharge revenue, partially offset by the change in mix of freight capacity purchased from Leased Capacity Providers, third party carriers and Company-employed drivers, and higher Leased Capacity Provider and third party carrier costs.

# Intermodal - Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

The following table sets forth the financial data of our Intermodal segment for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (unaudited and in thousands):

Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 Percent of Revenue June 30, 2021 Percent of Revenue Change Percent Change 196,851 100.0 % \$ 127,647 100.0 % \$ 69,204 54.2 % Operating revenues Operating expenses: 51,831 26.3 44,370 34.8 7,461 16.8 Purchased transportation Salaries, wages and employee benefits 36,766 18.7 30,293 23.7 6,473 21.4 Operating leases 14,467 7.3 10,337 8.1 4,130 40.0 Depreciation and amortization 3.7 7,326 5,048 4.0 2,278 45.1 Insurance and claims 4,398 2.2 4,757 3.7 (359) (7.5)8,299 4.2 Fuel expense 3,622 2.8 4,677 129.1 47,369 24.1 16,325 12.8 31,044 190.2 Other operating expenses 170,456 86.6 114,752 89.9 55,704 48.5 Total operating expenses 26,395 13.4 % 12,895 10.1 % 13,500 104.7 % \$ Income from operations

# **Intermodal Operating Statistics**

		Six Months Ended			
	_	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percent Change	
Drayage shipments		181,098	186,714	(3.0)%	
Dravage revenue per shipment <sup>1</sup>	\$	936	\$ 587	59.5	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes revenue derived from container freight station warehouse and handling, and linehaul and LTL services.

#### **Operating Revenues**

Intermodal operating revenues increased \$69,204, or 54.2%, to \$196,851 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$127,647 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase in operating revenue was primarily attributable to a 59.5% increase in drayage revenue per shipment as compared to the same period in 2021. The increase in drayage revenue per shipment was driven by execution of our pricing initiatives, the acquisition of BarOle in November 2021 and Edgmon in May 2022, higher accessorial revenue in support of our customers and continued strong demand for our services. In addition, fuel surcharge revenue increased \$11,660, or 94.0% as a result of the rise in the average price of fuel.

#### **Purchased Transportation**

Intermodal purchased transportation increased \$7,461, or 16.8%, to \$51,831 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$44,370 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Purchased transportation was 26.3% of Intermodal operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 34.8% for the same period in 2021. Intermodal purchased transportation includes Leased Capacity Providers and third party carriers, while Company-employed drivers are included in salaries, wages and employee benefits. The increase in purchased transportation costs was primarily due to higher Leased Capacity Provider and third party carrier costs, and the change in the mix of freight capacity purchased from Leased Capacity Providers, third party carriers and Company-employed drivers.

#### Salaries, Wages, and Employee Benefits

Intermodal salaries, wages and employee benefits increased \$6,473, or 21.4%, to \$36,766 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$30,293 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Salaries, wages and employee benefits were 18.7% of Intermodal operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 23.7% for the same period in 2021. The increase in salaries, wages and employee benefits expense was primarily due to additional employees hired for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and an increased reserve for incentive compensation as compared to the same period in 2021.

# **Operating Leases**

Intermodal operating leases increased \$4,130, or 40.0%, to \$14,467 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$10,337 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Operating leases were 7.3% of Intermodal operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 8.1% for the same period in 2021. The increase in operating leases expense was primarily due to additional equipment leases for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### Depreciation and Amortization

Intermodal depreciation and amortization increased \$2,278, or 45.1%, to \$7,326 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$5,048 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Depreciation and amortization was 3.7% of Intermodal operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 4.0% for the same period in 2021. The increase in depreciation and amortization expense was primarily due to the equipment and intangible assets acquired in connection with the acquisitions completed in the fourth quarter of 2021 and the second quarter of 2022.

#### Insurance and Claims

Intermodal insurance and claims decreased \$359, or 7.5%, to \$4,398 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$4,757 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Insurance and claims were 2.2% of Intermodal operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 3.7% for the same period in 2021. The decrease in insurance and claims expense was primarily due to the decrease in insurance premiums and vehicle liability claims, partially offset by an increase in vehicle repairs during the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021. See additional discussion over the consolidated change in self-insurance reserves in the "Other Operations" section below.

#### Fuel Expense

Intermodal fuel expense increased \$4,677, or 129.1%, to \$8,299 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$3,622 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Fuel expense was 4.2% of Intermodal operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 2.8% for the same period in 2021. Intermodal fuel expense increased primarily due to the rise in the average price of fuel for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### Other Operating Expenses

Intermodal other operating expenses increased \$31,044, or 190.2%, to \$47,369 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$16,325 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Other operating expenses were 24.1% of Intermodal operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 12.8% for the same period in 2021. The increase in Intermodal other operating expenses was primarily due to additional expenses incurred in support of the increased accessorial revenues, increased bad debt expense and higher legal and professional fees for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021.

#### **Income from Operations**

Intermodal income from operations increased by \$13,500, or 104.7%, to \$26,395 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$12,895 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Income from operations was 13.4% of Intermodal operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to 10.1% for the same period in 2021. The increase in income from operations as a percentage of operating revenues was primarily due to increased drayage revenue per shipment, partially offset by the change in mix of freight capacity purchased from Leased Capacity Providers, third party carriers and Company-employed drivers and higher Lease Capacity Provider and third party carrier costs.

#### Other Operations - Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

Other operating included an \$4,286 operating loss during the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to a \$7,265 operating loss during the six months ended June 30, 2021. The change in the operating loss was primarily due to an increase in slf-insurance reserves for vehicle liability claims, reserve for an incentive program established for certain employees in 2021, legal reserves and bad debt expense related to other receivables, partially offset by a decrease in the reserves for group health insurance claims and professional fees. The increase in the self-insurance reserves for vehicle liability claims was due to the unfavorable loss development factor of historical claims. Professional fees related to cybersecurity and shareholder engagement activities in the amount of \$6,955 were incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2021. Similar professional fees were not incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

# Critical Accounting Policies

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates estimates, including those related to allowance for doubtful accounts and revenue adjustments, deferred income taxes and uncertain tax positions, goodwill, other intangible and long-lived assets, and self-insurance loss reserves. Management bases these estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions. A description of critical accounting policies and related judgments and estimates that affect the preparation of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is set forth in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year-ended December 31, 2021.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have historically financed our working capital needs, including capital expenditures, with available cash, cash flows from operations and borrowings under our credit facility. We believe that borrowings under our credit facility, together with available cash and internally generated funds, will be sufficient to support our working capital, capital expenditures and debt service requirements for the foreseeable future. To further support liquidity and cash reserves, in December 2021, we entered into a third amendment to our credit facility, which increased the amount available for borrowing to \$450,000, consisting of a \$300,000 revolving line of credit and a term loan of \$150,000. The amendment establishes annual mandatory repayment of the principal amount of the term loan of: 1.0% per annum in 2022 and 2023; 2.5% per annum in 2024 and 2025; 5.0% per annum in 2026; with the remaining unpaid principal being due on July 20, 2026. As of June 30, 2022, we were in compliance with our financial covenants contained in the credit facility and expect to maintain such compliance. In the event that we encounter difficulties, our historical relationships with our lenders has been strong and we anticipate their continued long-term support of our business. Refer to Note 7, *Indebtedness*, to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding our credit facility.

#### Cash Flows

#### **Continuing Operations**

Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations was \$112,820 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$39,661 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations was primarily due to the increase in net income from continuing operations after consideration of non-cash items and a decrease in other receivables, partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities. Other receivables changed due to the completion of the services rendered under the Transition Services Agreement with the buyer of the Pool business in October 2021. Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities changed due to the number of days to accrue for payroll expense.

Net cash used in investing activities of continuing operations was \$58,339 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$29,804 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Capital expenditures for the first six months of 2022 were \$18,673, which primarily related to the purchase of technology and operating equipment, and the investment in the expansion of our national hub in Columbus, Ohio. Capital expenditures for the first six months of 2021 were \$8,575, which primarily related to the investment in the expansion of our national hub in Columbus, Ohio. Investing activities of continuing operations for the first six months of 2022 included the acquisition of Edgmon Trucking, LLC for a preliminary purchase price of \$40,433 while investing activities for the first six months of 2021 included the acquisition of Proficient Transport for \$15,000 and J&P Hall Express Delivery for \$7,543.

Net cash used in financing activities of continuing operations was \$44,411 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to cash provided by financing activities of continuing operations of \$733 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The change in the net cash used in financing activities of continuing operations was primarily due to the decreased proceeds from the credit facility, partially offset by the decreased repurchases and retirement of common stock for the first six months of 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021. During the first six month of 2021, proceeds from the credit facility were \$45,000 as compared to during the first six months o2022 payments on the credit facility were \$8,250.

### Discontinued Operation

Net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operation was \$— for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$6,902 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The change in net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operation was primarily related to a decrease in net income of discontinued operation after consideration of non-cash items. The sale of Pool was completed on February 12, 2021.

Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operation was \$— for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$8,020 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The change in the net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operation was due to the proceeds received from the sale of the Pool business during the first six months of 2021. The sale of Pool was completed on February 12, 2021.

Net cash used in financing activities of discontinued operation was \$— for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$1,118 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The change in the net cash used in financing activities of discontinued operation was due to decreased contributions to the parent. The sale of Pool was completed on February 12, 2021.

# Share Repurchase Program

During the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, we repurchased 176 and 366 shares of our common stock, respectively, for approximately \$17,780 and \$33,992, respectively, through open market transactions. All shares received were retired upon receipt, and the excess of the purchase price over the par value per share was recorded to "Retained Earnings" in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains "forward-looking statements," as defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements are statements other than historical information or statements of current condition and relate to future events or our future financial performance. Some forward-looking statements may be identified by use of such terms as "believes," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "estimates," "projects" or "expects."." In this Form 10-Q, forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, any statements regarding (i) the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business or our liquidity; (ii) results of operations and financial condition; (iii) any projections of earnings, revenues, dividends, or other financial items or methods of interpretation or measurement; (iv) plans, strategies, and objectives of management for future operations; (v) growing our less-than-truckload, final mile geographic footprint through greenfield start-ups as well as acquisitions; (vi) future and pending insurance, claims and litigation and any associated estimates or reserves; (vii) yield management; (viii) intentions to promote a healthier natural environment; (ix) proposed or intended new services, or developments, and related integration costs; (x) expected expansion and potential performance based on our business strategy, including acquisitions; (xi) future macroeconomic conditions, including but not limited to, labor shortages and other inflationary conditions and our ability to successfully address such conditions; (xii) the sufficiency of our credit facility; (xiii) our ESG and sustainability initiatives and operations; (xiv) plans to incorporate data requirements identified by widely accepted sustainability frameworks and set measurable targets and goals for our priority areas; and (xv) certain tax and accounting matters, including the impact on our financial statements; and any belief and any assumptions underlying an

Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The following is a list of factors, among others, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements: economic factors such as recessions, inflation, higher interest rates and downturns in customer business cycles, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business, results of operations and financial condition, the creditworthiness of our customers and their ability to pay for services rendered, more limited liquidity than expected which limits our ability to make key investments, the availability and compensation of qualified Leased Capacity Providers and freight handlers as well as contracted, third-party carriers needed to serve our customers' transportation needs, the inability of our information systems to handle an increased volume of freight moving through our network, changes in fuel prices, our inability to maintain our historical growth rate because of a decreased volume of freight or decreased average revenue per pound of freight moving through our network, loss of a major customer, increasing competition and pricing pressure, our ability to secure terminal facilities in desirable locations at reasonable rates, our inability to successfully integrate acquisitions, claims for property damage, personal injuries or workers' compensation, enforcement of and changes in governmental regulations, environmental and tax matters, insurance matters, the handling of hazardous materials, and the risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021. As a result of the foregoing, no assurance can be given as to future financial condition, cash flows or results of operations. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forw

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risks, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" in Item 7A of Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021. As of the second quarter of 2022, there were no material changes in our exposures to market risk.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

#### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain controls and procedures designed to ensure that we are able to collect the information required to be disclosed in the reports we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and to process, summarize and disclose this information within the time periods specified in the rules of the SEC. Based on an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report conducted by management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer believe that these controls and procedures are effective to ensure that we are able to collect, process and disclose the information we are required to disclose in the reports we file with the SEC within the required time periods.

#### Changes in Internal Control

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation described above that occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2022 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### Part II. Other Information

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we are a party to ordinary, routine litigation incidental to and arising in the normal course of our business, most of which involve claims for personal injury and property damage related to the transportation and handling of freight, or workers' compensation. We accrue for the uninsured portion of contingent losses from these and other pending claims when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Based on the knowledge of the facts, we believe the resolution of claims and pending litigation, taking into account existing reserves, will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. Moreover, the results of complex legal proceedings are difficult to predict, and our view of these matters may change in the future as the litigation and related events unfold.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

# **Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

The table below sets forth information with respect to purchases of our common stock made by or on behalf of us during the three months ended June 30, 2022. There were no repurchases of our common stock during the three months ended June 30, 2022.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs <sup>1</sup>	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs <sup>1</sup>
April 1, 2022 through April 30, 2022	_	s —	_	2,656,555
May 1, 2022 through May 31, 2022	_	_	_	2,656,555
June 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022	_	_	_	2,656,555
Total		\$		2,656,555

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>On February 5, 2019, our Board approved the 2019 Repurchase Plan authorizing up to 5.0 million shares of our common stock. The 2019 Share Repurchase Plan expires when the shares authorized for repurchase are exhausted or the 2019 Repurchase Plan is canceled.

# Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

# Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

# Item 5. Other Information.

None.

# Item 6. Exhibits.

No.	Exhibit
3.1	Restated Charter of the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 28, 1999 (File No. 0-22490))
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 31, 2017 (File No. 0-22490))
10.1	Separation and General Release Agreement between Scott E. Schara and Forward Air Corporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 09, 2022)
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a) (17 CFR 240.13a-14(a))
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a) (17 CFR 240.13a-14(a))
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	The instance document does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
104	Cover Page Interactive File (formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

# **Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

August 9, 2022

Forward Air Corporation

By: /s/ Thomas Schmitt

Thomas Schmitt
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

Forward Air Corporation

By: /s/ Rebecca J. Garbrick

Rebecca J. Garbrick Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

August 9, 2022

# CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13a-14(a) (17 CFR 240.13a-14(a))

#### I, Tom Schmitt, certify that:

- 1 I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 of Forward Air Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2022

/s/ Tom Schmitt

Tom Schmitt

President and Chief Executive Officer

### CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13a-14(a) (17 CFR 240.13a-14(a))

#### I, Rebecca J. Garbrick, certify that:

- 1 I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 of Forward Air Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2022

/s/ Rebecca J. Garbrick

Rebecca J. Garbrick Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

# CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER

# PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Forward Air Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Tom Schmitt, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1 The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2 The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 9, 2022

/s/ Tom Schmitt

Tom Schmitt President and Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Forward Air Corporation and will be retained by Forward Air Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

# CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

# PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Forward Air Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Rebecca J. Garbrick, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1 The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2 The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 9, 2022

/s/ Rebecca J. Garbrick

Rebecca J. Garbrick Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Forward Air Corporation and will be retained by Forward Air Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.