



	Related Shareholder Matters		
Item 6.	Selected Financial Data	11	
Item 7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	12	
Item 8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	17	
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	17	
	Part III		
Item 10.	Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant	18	
Item 11.	Executive Compensation	21	
Item 12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management	25	
Item 13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions	27	
	Part IV		
Item 14.	Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K	28	
	Signatures	29	
	Index to Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedule		F-1

## PART I

### ITEM 1. BUSINESS

#### GENERAL

Landair Services, Inc. (the "Company") is a high-service level truckload carrier and contractor to the air cargo industry providing time-definite service in the United States and Canada. The Company was incorporated in Tennessee in 1981.

The Company provides scheduled trucking services to air freight forwarders, fully integrated air cargo carriers and domestic and international airlines through its Forward Air operations. The Company services its air freight forwarder, air cargo and airline customers primarily through a hub and spoke network of 62 terminals, located at or near major airports in the United States and Canada, and linked through a central sorting facility in Columbus, Ohio.

Through its Truckload operations, the Company provides short- to medium-haul delivery to the high-service segment of the general commodities truckload market. The Truckload operations include a common carrier operation that serves customers on an "on demand" basis and a dedicated fleet operation in which trucks and drivers are dedicated to shippers with specific, high-service requirements.

The Truckload and Forward Air operations constitute the business segments of the Company. An analysis by business segment of operating revenue, income from operations, assets, expenditures for long-lived assets and other information as of and for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995 is presented in Note 7 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements beginning on page F-20.

#### RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

On February 10, 1998, the Company's Board announced it had authorized the creation of a special committee of independent directors to consider a plan to separate the Company into two publicly-traded companies, one comprised of the Truckload operations, and the other the Forward Air operations. There can be no assurance as to whether any such transaction will occur or as to the timing or terms of any such transaction. Under the plan currently being considered, the transaction would be structured as a tax-free spin-off, subject, among other things, to the receipt of a ruling as to tax-free status from the Internal Revenue Service.

#### FORWARD AIR OPERATIONS

The Company's Forward Air operations serve the unique and growing deferred air freight market. Unlike typical overnight letters and packages, deferred air freight is comprised of freight and packages that will have time-definite delivery in two to four days. Forward Air receives air

freight from air freight forwarder, air cargo and airline customers at 62 terminal facilities and provides airport-to-airport transportation of the freight to the terminal nearest to the freight's destination. The transportation requirements of Forward Air are met through direct shuttles, some of which offer overnight service, and through the Columbus central sorting facility.

The Company's freight forwarder customers vary in size from small independent, single facility air freight forwarders to large, international logistics companies. Since operations were commenced in November 1990, the average weekly volume of freight carried through the Forward Air network has grown from approximately 1.2 million pounds to approximately 13.3 million pounds in 1997. Forward Air operations accounted for approximately 55% of the Company's 1997 operating revenue. The Company's strategy in its Forward Air operations is to capitalize on the growing market for deferred air freight from both domestic and international air cargo customers through its unique hub-and-spoke network.

#### TRUCKLOAD OPERATIONS

**Common Carrier Services.** The Company's common carrier operations primarily consist of short- to medium-haul shipments, typically between 250 and 700 miles. Although serving the contiguous 48 states, the Company's Truckload operations are primarily concentrated in the eastern half of the United States, allowing the Company to focus on selected operating lanes. The Company's ability to stay within these lanes allows it to maximize service for its customers while minimizing such operating costs as empty miles and driver layovers. The common carrier operations concentrate on providing a high level of consistent service at market competitive prices with an emphasis on certain niche markets. For example, these operations provide common carrier services to certain of the integrated air carriers and for just-in-time manufacturers with narrow delivery windows. The customers of the common carrier operations normally demand scheduled pick-up and delivery and often give short notice for equipment needs. The common carrier operations have been successful in meeting customer needs with on-time performance in excess of 98% in its primary service area. The trend of shippers over the past several years has been toward the use of a relatively small number of financially stable "core carriers". The Company's strategy in its common carrier operations is to take advantage of growth opportunities that exist as a result of this trend. In addition, an important element in the Company's strategy for expanding its core carrier operations lies in the cross-utilization of its revenue equipment to satisfy peak demands in the deferred air freight market.

**Dedicated Contract Carriage Services.** The Company's dedicated contract carriage services involve management for all or a significant part of a customer's transportation operations. Under a dedicated carriage service agreement, the Company typically provides drivers, equipment and maintenance, and, in some instances, transportation management that supplements the customer's in-house transportation department. This service allows a customer to reduce overall transportation costs by minimizing both capital expenditures and personnel costs.

Management believes the dedicated contract carriage operations are well positioned to capitalize on the increasing trend of many shippers to outsource virtually all of their transportation

requirements. The Company's strategy in its dedicated contract carriage operations will be to continue to focus on expansion of services in this area, including business with existing common carrier customers, so that the Company's dedicated operations can ultimately manage most or all of a customer's transportation needs on a dedicated fleet basis.

Truckload operations accounted for approximately 45% of the Company's 1997 operating revenue.

#### REVENUE EQUIPMENT

The Company purchases high quality tractors to help attract and retain drivers, promote safe operations and minimize maintenance and repair costs. When purchasing new revenue equipment, the Company typically acquires standardized tractors and trailers manufactured to the Company's specifications. Standardization enables the Company to simplify driver training, control the cost of spare parts inventory and enhance its preventive maintenance program.

The Company has purchased most of its tractors from Freightliner Corporation and its trailers from Great Dane Corporation. The majority of the tractors purchased are equipped with Series 60 Detroit Diesel electronic engines which have contributed significantly to increased fuel efficiency. It is the Company's current practice to trade in its tractors after three or four years and its trailers after seven years. The Company's purchase and lease agreements for tractors generally provide for a repurchase option by the manufacturer at predetermined prices.

As of December 31, 1997, the Company owned or leased 670 tractors and contracted for 425 tractors from owner-operators. The average age of the Company-operated tractor fleet was approximately 2.7 years at December 31, 1997. As of December 31, 1997, the Company owned or leased 2,290 van trailers, of which substantially all are 53' long and 285 include specialized roller bed equipment required to serve air cargo industry customers. By having a majority of the Company's trailer fleet equipped with 53' trailers, the Company is able to provide its customers with more economy and convenience and increased driver productivity. The average age of the trailer fleet was approximately 3.2 years at December 31, 1997.

The Company has installed Qualcomm two-way satellite communication systems in the majority of its tractors. The Qualcomm system provides the Company with continuous communications capability in the event a driver experiences a service delay or disruption. The Qualcomm system also allows the Company to track the exact location and route of any particular shipment and communicate instantly with drivers to improve operating efficiencies.

#### EMPLOYEES AND OWNER-OPERATOR DRIVERS

As of December 31, 1997, the Company employed approximately 2,000 persons. None of the Company's employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement. The Company considers its employee relations to be good.

#### 5

The Company recognizes that its professional driver workforce is one of its most valuable assets. Drivers are selected by the Company in accordance with guidelines relating to safety records, driving experience and personal evaluations. Over the past several years, the Company has introduced several driver retention programs including the creation of a pay package that more fairly compensates drivers for the work associated with their job. The pay package includes extra pay items in addition to the drivers' mileage-based pay. The expense and cost of driver retention and recruitment has increased in recent years. Recruitment is difficult due to Company standards and an industry shortage of qualified drivers. See "Safety".

The Company also recognizes that the selection process for owner-operators is equally as important as for Company drivers. As of December 31, 1997, approximately 41% of the tractors in service were contracted to the Company by owner-operators. Approximately half of the December 31, 1997 owner-operators were utilized in each of the Forward Air and Truckload operations. The use of owner-operators provides the Company with marketing, operating, safety, driver recruiting, retention and financial advantages. The Company focuses on the special needs of owner-operators through programs designed to reduce their operating costs. The Company plans to continue its emphasis on recruiting owner-operators.

#### SAFETY

The Company has an active safety and loss prevention program and has established a driver qualification policy. Drivers who exceed the maximum acceptable number of accidents or traffic citations within a specified time period are reviewed and monitored by the safety department. The driving and employment records of drivers are verified.

During the past three years, the Company enhanced its safety program with a series of safe driving campaigns, safety contests, quarterly driver terminal safety meetings, and communication of safety data to drivers and management personnel. The program is designed to heighten awareness of, and focus attention on, safety related issues.

#### INSURANCE

Claims exposure in the transportation industry consists primarily of cargo loss and damage, vehicle liability, property damage and workers' compensation. The Company maintains a deductible for auto liability claims, for physical damage claims and for cargo claims. The Company also is responsible for

a significant deductible for workers' compensation claims. The Company maintains insurance with independent insurance carriers that provide certain coverage for claims in excess of deductible amounts. Management believes that the Company's insurance coverage is reasonable.

## REGULATION

Prior to December 29, 1995, the Company's operations in interstate commerce were regulated by the Interstate Commerce Commission ("ICC"). Effective December 29, 1995,

6

President Clinton signed into law the Interstate Commerce Commission Termination Act of 1995 which closed the ICC and transferred its remaining responsibilities to a new Surface Transportation Board and the Federal Highway Administration. In addition, interstate motor carrier operations are subject to safety requirements prescribed by the Department of Transportation. Such matters as weight and dimension of equipment are also subject to federal and state regulations. The Company is subject to various federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations. Management believes that the Company is in substantial compliance with applicable regulatory requirements relating to its operations. Failure of the Company to comply with the applicable regulations could result in substantial fines or revocation of the Company's operating permits.

The Company has aboveground fuel storage tanks at its Atlanta, Georgia; Indianapolis, Indiana and Memphis, Tennessee facilities and underground fuel storage tanks at its Columbus, Ohio facility. Such storage tanks are subject to various federal and state environmental laws and regulations. Management believes that the Company is in substantial compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations. No material increase for expenditures for compliance with federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations is anticipated in 1998.

## COMPETITION AND INDUSTRY TRENDS

The Company competes with regional, inter-regional and national truckload carriers and, to a lesser extent, with less-than-truckload carriers, railroads and overnight delivery companies. Many of the Company's competitors have greater financial resources, more equipment or larger freight capacity than the Company. Service and price are the principal means of competition in the transportation industry.

Management believes the market for its Forward Air operations will be less affected by competition than will most other segments of the transportation industry because of its unique network. The transportation of air freight requires significant capital assets, including a fleet of dependable equipment, a large centrally located sorting facility, an extensive communication system, a skilled workforce and a large sales operation. In order to effectively compete, any new entrant would have to be able to immediately develop a comparable network which would require it to dedicate a full complement of equipment and establish multiple terminals in order to demonstrate the ability to handle a large number of shipments destined for many geographically diverse locations and to meet critical delivery deadlines.

The Company's principal competitive strength is its ability to consistently provide reliable service at a competitive price. Many of the Company's customers are high volume shippers which require a flexible and dependable motor carrier service tailored to their specific needs, including pick-up and delivery within specified time frames.

During 1997, one customer of the Truckload operations, Federal Express Corporation, accounted for more than 10% (approximately \$27.0 million) of the Company's consolidated

7

operating revenue. No single customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's operating revenue in 1996 and 1995.

## SEASONALITY

In the trucking industry, revenue and operating results generally reflect a seasonal pattern as customers reduce shipments during and after the winter holiday season and during the summer months. Additionally, the volume of shipments is often affected by weather variations. The Company's operating

expenses also have historically been higher in the winter months, due primarily to decreased fuel efficiency and increased maintenance costs of revenue equipment in colder weather.

## ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

The Company's headquarters, comprised of 37,500 square feet, are located in Greeneville, Tennessee and are leased from the Greeneville-Greene County Airport Authority under a lease expiring in 2006. The headquarters lease is at a rate management believes is favorable. The Company leases, under a capital lease agreement, a 100-door cross dock hub facility constructed in 1994 in Columbus, Ohio from the Director of Development of the State of Ohio. A substantial portion of the cost of constructing the 83,800 square foot Columbus facility shared by the Forward Air and Truckload operations was funded by the State of Ohio through the sale of \$6.3 million of revenue bonds. The Company is responsible for all taxes, assessments and other costs of ownership under the lease agreement. Certain terms of the lease include restrictions on the payment of dividends and the maintenance of certain levels of net worth and other financial ratios. After the bonds are paid in full, the Company will have an option to purchase the terminal for a nominal amount.

The Company owns a 46,000 square foot 68-door cross dock terminal facility in Atlanta, Georgia, which houses both the Atlanta Truckload and Forward Air operations. The Company also acquired 27.3 acres of land in Mosheim, Tennessee in 1997 on which it is constructing a facility for its Truckload operations.

The Company leases a 15,200 square foot facility for its Truckload and Forward Air operations in Indianapolis, Indiana and leases two separate facilities for its Memphis, Tennessee Forward Air and Truckload operations which total approximately 19,875 square feet.

The Company leases 49 additional terminal facilities for its Forward Air operations, which are typically leased on a short-term (three to five year) basis. Management believes that replacement space comparable to these terminal facilities is readily obtainable, if necessary. Management believes that its facilities are adequate to support its current operations. The balance of the Forward Air terminals are agent stations leased and operated by independent agents who generally handle the Company's freight on a commission basis.

8

## ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

### LITIGATION

The Company is, from time to time, a party to litigation arising in the normal course of its business, most of which involve claims for personal injury and property damage incurred in connection with the transportation of freight. Management believes that none of these actions, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

## ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

During the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997, no matters were submitted to a vote of security holders through the solicitation of proxies or otherwise.

9

## PART II

## ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON STOCK AND RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS

The Company's common stock trades on The Nasdaq Stock Market under the symbol "LAND". The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices for the Company's common stock as reported by The Nasdaq Stock Market for each full quarterly period within the two most recent fiscal years.

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

1997	High	Low
----	----	----
<S>	<C>	<C>
First Quarter.....	\$12.00	\$ 9.75
Second Quarter.....	\$14.75	\$11.00
Third Quarter.....	\$22.00	\$14.375
Fourth Quarter.....	\$30.00	\$19.50
1996 .....	High	Low
----	----	----
First Quarter.....	\$16.50	\$12.50
Second Quarter.....	\$16.25	\$13.25
Third Quarter.....	\$16.50	\$10.00
Fourth Quarter.....	\$11.75	\$ 6.50

</TABLE>

There were approximately 1,200 shareholders of record (including brokerage firms and other nominees) of the Company's common stock as of January 30, 1998.

The Company has not paid cash dividends on its common stock in the two preceding fiscal years, and it is the current intention of management to retain earnings to finance the growth of the Company's business. Future payment of dividends will depend upon the financial condition, results of operations, contractual restrictions and capital requirements of the Company, as well as other factors deemed relevant by the Board of Directors.

10

#### ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following table sets forth selected financial data of the Company. The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements and notes thereto, included elsewhere in this report.

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31				
	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(In thousands, except per share data)				
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
STATEMENTS OF INCOME DATA: (1) (2)					
Operating revenue	\$190,402	\$157,098	\$148,083	\$135,032	\$95,281
Income from operations	16,803	9,341	10,501	8,164	4,309
Operating ratio (3)	91.2%	94.1%	92.9%	94.0%	95.5%
Net income	8,594	3,979	4,517	4,017	1,963
Net income per share - basic (4)	1.44	0.67	0.77	0.70	0.49
Net income per share - diluted (4)	1.39	0.66	0.75	0.66	0.46
Cash dividends declared per common share	--	--	--	--	--

#### BALANCE SHEET DATA (AT END OF PERIOD):

Total assets	\$118,331	\$99,074	\$ 98,279	\$ 78,044	\$49,027
Long-term obligations, net of current portion	22,405	27,094	35,855	28,305	12,024
Shareholders' equity	50,460	41,264	36,644	31,778	27,295

</TABLE>

(1) Results for 1994 and 1993 lack comparability to other periods because (i) 1994 included a charge relating to the sale and winding down of the Company's refrigerated trucking operations of \$805,000, and (ii) 1993 included special management bonuses of \$1.7 million. In addition, 1994 results consist of 53 weeks of operations while 1997, 1996, 1995 and 1993 results consist of approximately 52 weeks of operations.

(2) Net income and net income per share for 1993 reflect pro forma income tax provisions as if the Company, previously an S Corporation prior to its initial public offering of common stock in November 1993, had been subject to income taxes for all of 1993. Historical net income for 1993 was \$2.2 million.

(3) Operating expenses as a percentage of operating revenue.

(4) The net income per share amounts prior to 1997 have been restated to comply with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, Earnings Per Share. For further discussion of net income per share and the adoption of Statement 128, see Notes 1 and 4 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein.

## ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth the percentage relationship of expense items to operating revenue for the periods indicated.

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31		
	1997	1996	1995
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Operating revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Operating expenses:			
Purchased transportation	32.1	32.8	36.1
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	28.4	27.6	25.4
Fuel and fuel taxes	6.1	6.9	6.0
Depreciation and amortization	5.9	6.7	5.9
Insurance and claims	5.0	5.3	4.8
Operating leases	3.4	3.8	4.0
Other operating expenses	10.3	11.0	10.7
Total operating expenses	91.2	94.1	92.9
Income from operations	8.8	5.9	7.1
Interest expense	(1.4)	(1.8)	(2.0)
Other income (expense), net	--	--	0.2
Income before income taxes	7.4	4.1	5.3
Income taxes	2.9	1.6	2.2
Net income	4.5%	2.5%	3.1%

</TABLE>

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Operating revenue for 1997 increased to a record \$190.4 million compared to \$157.1 million in 1996 and \$148.1 million in 1995. The increases in operating revenue for 1997 and 1996 were 21.2% and 6.1%, respectively.

Purchased transportation was 32.1% of operating revenue in 1997 compared to 32.8% in 1996 and 36.1% in 1995. The decrease in purchased transportation as a percentage of operating revenue between these years was primarily attributable to a reduction in the ratio of owner-operators to Company drivers during 1997 and 1996. During 1997, 1996 and 1995, approximately 41.0%, 42.0% and 46.0% of the Company's average tractors in service were contracted through owner-operators.

Salaries, wages and benefits were 28.4% of operating revenue in 1997 compared to 27.6% in 1996 and 25.4% in 1995. The increase as a percentage of operating revenue in 1997 and 1996 were due primarily to higher cargo handling wages and terminal managers' salaries required to operate additional terminals and greater operating volumes in the Company's Forward Air operations combined with an increase in the ratio of Company drivers to owner-operators.



Fuel and fuel taxes were 6.1% of operating revenue in 1997 compared to 6.9% in 1996 and 6.0% in 1995. The decrease in fuel and fuel taxes as a percentage of operating revenue during 1997 resulted from a lower average fuel price per gallon coupled with improvements in the average miles per gallon and average revenue per loaded mile of the Company-operated tractor fleet. The increase in fuel and fuel taxes as a percentage of operating revenue during 1996 was primarily attributed to an increase in fuel prices and an increase in the ratio of Company drivers to owner-operators. Approximately 60.0% of the increase in fuel prices during 1996 was passed on to customers in the form of a fuel surcharge.

Operating leases were 3.4%, 3.8% and 4.0% of operating revenue during 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively, while depreciation and amortization were 5.9%, 6.7% and 5.9% during the same periods. The decrease in operating leases as a percentage of operating revenue during 1997 and 1996 resulted from increased ownership, rather than leasing, of revenue equipment. The decrease in depreciation and amortization as a percentage of operating revenue is attributable to substantial improvements in equipment utilization during 1997, partially offset by increased ownership of revenue equipment. The increase in depreciation and amortization as a percentage of operating revenue during 1996 is attributable to an increase in the ratio of Company drivers to owner-operators and increased ownership of revenue equipment.

Insurance and claims were 5.0% of operating revenue in 1997 compared to 5.3% in 1996 and 4.8% in 1995. The changes in insurance and claims expense during 1997 and 1996 resulted from fluctuations in the frequency and severity of accidents between years coupled with changes in claims development trends and lower premium costs.

Other operating expenses were 10.3% of operating revenue in 1997 compared to 11.0% in 1996 and 10.7% in 1995. The decrease in 1997 as a percentage of operating revenue is attributed to both a reduced operating cost structure and improvements in utilization levels in the Company's Truckload operations. Gains (losses) on the sale of revenue equipment (which are netted against other operating expenses) were \$(109,000), \$413,000, and \$503,000 during 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

Interest expense was \$2.6 million in 1997 compared to \$3.0 million in 1996 and 1995. The decrease in interest expense during 1997 is due to lower average net borrowing during the period.

Other income (expense), net, includes a loss on the disposal of non-operating equipment of \$276,000, \$0 and \$0 during 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

The combined federal and state effective tax rates for 1997, 1996 and 1995 were 39.0%, 38.2% and 42.0%, respectively. For information concerning the provision for income taxes, as well as information regarding differences between effective tax rates and statutory rates, see Note 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Forward Air Segment: Operating revenue in the Company's Forward Air operations increased by \$24.4 and \$17.2 million in 1997 and 1996, respectively, and represented approximately 55.0% and 51.0% of the Company's operating revenue for these periods. Operating revenue increases in the Forward Air operations resulted from increasing the number of operating terminals, enhancements to the Forward Air network and greater volume from domestic and international air cargo customers. The operating revenue increase in 1997 is also partially attributed to the acquisition on October 27, 1997 of the air cargo operating assets of Adams Air Cargo, Inc.

Forward Air income from operations increased by \$4.5 and \$2.1 million in 1997 and 1996, respectively. The increase in income from operations resulted from higher operating revenue, which was reduced in part by the incremental costs associated with such revenue. In addition, during the third quarter of 1997, the Forward Air operations benefited from non-recurring revenue that resulted from the United Parcel Service strike. This additional revenue, net of variable costs, resulted in an estimated additional \$1.2 million of income from operations.

Truckload Segment: Operating revenue in the Company's Truckload operations, including intersegment revenue, increased (decreased) by \$9.6 and

\$(6.0) million in 1997 and 1996, respectively. Operating revenue increases (decreases) in the Truckload operations resulted primarily from fluctuations in equipment utilization and yield. During 1997, 1996 and 1995, the Truckload operations utilized average tractors of 699, 695 and 685, respectively.

Truckload income from operations increased (decreased) by \$2.9 and \$(3.3) million in 1997 and 1996, respectively. The increase in income from operations in 1997 was due mainly to a lower operating cost ratio resulting from an increase in equipment utilization and yield during the year. The decrease in income from operations in 1996 was due primarily to a higher operating ratio resulting from a decrease in equipment utilization and yield during the year. In addition, during the third quarter of 1997, the Truckload operations benefited from non-recurring revenue generated from the United Parcel Service strike. This additional revenue, net of variable costs, resulted in an estimated additional \$200,000 of income from operations.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The continued growth of the Company's business, and the nature of its operations, have required significant investment in new equipment. The Company has historically financed revenue equipment purchases with cash flows from operations, through borrowing under credit agreements with financial institutions and from proceeds of the initial public offering in November 1993. Working capital needs have generally been met with cash flows from operations and borrowing under the Company's line of credit. Net cash provided by operating activities totaled approximately \$22.6, \$12.5 and \$15.8 million in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

Net cash used in investment activities was approximately \$19.0, \$6.0 and \$21.5 million in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively. Investing activities consisted primarily of the acquisition of additional revenue equipment and enhanced management information systems during 1997,

14

1996 and 1995, the acquisition of a business in 1997 and the acquisition of a terminal facility in 1996.

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities was approximately \$(2.9), \$(10.3) and \$8.6 million in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively. These financing activities included the Company's continued financing of additional revenue equipment, based upon capital expenditure requirements, coupled with repayment of long-term debt and capital leases with cash generated from operations.

The Company expects net capital expenditures in 1998 for revenue equipment and management information systems, excluding acquisitions, to be less than \$25 million. The Company expects to fund these expenditures through cash provided by operating activities. See Note 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information concerning credit arrangements. At December 31, 1997, the Company had a line of credit with a bank in the amount of \$15.0 million, which expires in May 1999. At December 31, 1997, approximately \$4.7 million was available for borrowing under the credit line. At December 31, 1997, the Company also had equipment loan agreements which permit the Company to borrow up to \$30.0 million for the purchase of revenue equipment. At December 31, 1997, approximately \$15.9 million was available for borrowing under the equipment loan agreements. Management believes that available borrowings under the line of credit agreement, equipment loan agreements, future borrowings under installment notes for revenue equipment, and cash generated by operations will be sufficient to fund its cash needs and anticipated capital expenditures through at least 1998.

#### IMPACT OF INFLATION

Inflation has not had a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition during the past three years. However, inflation higher than experienced during the past three years could have an adverse effect on the Company's future results.

#### IMPACT OF YEAR 2000

Some of the Company's older computer programs and systems were written using two digits rather than four to define the applicable year. As a result, those computer programs have time-sensitive software that recognize a date using "00" as the year 1900 rather than the year 2000. This could cause a system failure or miscalculations causing disruptions of operations, including, among other things, a temporary inability to process transactions, send invoices, or engage in similar normal business activities.

The Company has been in the process of replacing the majority of its key financial and operational systems as a part of upgrading its legacy systems in the normal course of business. This replacement has been a planned approach for the last two years to enhance or better meet its functional business and operational requirements. Management believes that this program will substantially meet or address its Year 2000 issues. In addition to its replacement program, the Company will require modifying some of its software and hardware so that its computer systems

15

will function properly with respect to dates in the year 2000 and thereafter. The estimated cost of the remaining replacement and modification for the Year 2000 issue is not considered material to the Company's earnings or financial position.

The Company also plans to initiate a formal communication process with all its significant suppliers and large customers to determine the extent to which the Company's interface systems are vulnerable to those third parties' failure to remediate their own Year 2000 issues. There is no guarantee that the systems of other companies on which the Company's systems rely will be timely converted and would not have an adverse effect on the Company's system.

The project is estimated to be completed not later than December 31, 1998, which is prior to any anticipated impact on its operating systems. The Company believes that with modifications to existing software and hardware and conversions to new software, the Year 2000 issue will not pose significant operational problems for its computer systems. However, if such modifications and conversions are not made, or are not completed timely, the Year 2000 issue could have a material impact on the operations of the Company.

#### IMPACT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income. The Statement is effective for the Company beginning in 1998, and establishes standards for the reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components. The Statement requires that all items that are income be reported in a financial statement that is displayed with the same prominence as other financial statements. The Company does not expect the effect of adoption of Statement 130 to be material to the consolidated financial statements.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Company, or its executive officers and directors on behalf of the Company, may from time to time make written or oral "forward-looking statements". Written forward-looking statements may appear in documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), in press releases and in reports to shareholders. Oral forward-looking statements may be made by the Company's executive officers and directors on behalf of the Company to the press, potential investors, securities analysts and others. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 contains a safe harbor for forward-looking statements. The Company relies on this safe harbor in making such disclosures. In connection with this "safe harbor" provision, the Company is hereby identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement made by or on behalf of the Company. Without limitation, factors that might cause such a difference include economic factors such as recessions, downturns in customer business cycles, competition, surplus inventories, inflation, the loss of a major customer, fuel price increases, higher interest rates, the resale value of the Company's used equipment and the availability and compensation of qualified drivers. The Company disclaims any intent or obligation to update these forward-looking statements.

16

#### ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The response to this item is submitted in a separate section of this





highest paid executive officers of the Company (the "Named Executive Officers") for the years shown in all capacities in which they served.

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Name and Principal Position	Fiscal Year	Long-Term Compensation Awards		All Other Compensation(1)	Options	sation(1)
		Annual Compensation	Other Annual Compensation			
		Salary	Number of Securities Underlying Bonus			
Scott M. Niswonger Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer	1997 1996 1995	\$269,377 268,781 262,080	\$169,250 -- --	\$ -- -- --	-- -- --	\$10,600 16,061 16,768
Bruce A. Campbell Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer	1997 1996 1995	147,100 146,521 142,315	117,075 -- --	-- -- --	15,000 20,000 --	10,561 7,356 5,302
Edward W. Cook Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Treasurer	1997 1996 1995	104,300 103,753 100,750	84,975 -- --	-- -- --	10,000 10,000 --	10,133 8,919 6,359
Michael A. Roberts Senior Vice President, Forward Air Sales and Marketing	1997 1996 1995	108,200 107,831 105,000	26,018 -- --	-- -- --	5,000 10,000 --	10,172 10,004 6,496
Richard H. Roberts Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary	1997 1996 1995	90,000 89,173 79,892	89,250 -- --	-- -- --	10,000 10,000 --	9,952 10,327 10,301

</TABLE>

(1) Includes car allowance and employer matching portion of 401(k) contributions.

FISCAL 1997 OPTION GRANTS, AGGREGATED OPTION EXERCISES AND OPTION VALUES

Options granted during the last year to the Named Executive Officers are set forth in the following table.

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

OPTION GRANTS IN LAST YEAR

Name (1)	Individual Grants	Potential Realizable Value at Assumed Annual Rates of Stock Price Appreciation for Option Term				
		Percent of Number of Securities Underlying Options Granted	Total Options Granted to Employees in Last Year	Exercise or Base Price (\$/Share)	Expiration Date	5% 10%
Bruce A. Campbell	15,000	13.54%	\$10.00	01/31/07	\$ 94,334	\$239,061
Edward W. Cook	10,000	9.03	10.00	01/31/07	62,889	159,374
Michael A. Roberts	5,000	4.51	10.00	01/31/07	31,445	79,687
Richard H. Roberts	10,000	9.03	10.00	01/31/07	62,889	159,374

</TABLE>

(1) Mr. Niswonger has not been granted any options for the purchase of common stock.

The following table sets forth the year-end aggregated option exercises by the Named Executive Officers and the fiscal year-end value of unexercised options held by the Named Executive Officers.

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

AGGREGATED OPTION EXERCISES IN LAST YEAR  
AND YEAR-END OPTION VALUES

Name (1)	Option Exercises in Last Year		Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options at Year-End		Value of Unexercised In-the-Money Options at Year-End (2)	
	Shares Acquired on Exercise	Value Realized	Exercisable	Unexercisable	Exercisable	Unexercisable
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Bruce A. Campbell	5,000	\$67,500	48,400	36,300	\$732,725	\$483,150
Edward W. Cook	--	--	25,000	25,000	165,313	263,438
Michael A. Roberts	--	--	23,385	17,540	354,049	242,333
Richard H. Roberts	--	--	25,000	25,000	154,063	259,688

</TABLE>

(1) Mr. Niswonger has not been granted any options for the purchase of common stock.

(2) Represents the closing price for the common stock on December 31, 1997 of \$24.25 less the exercise price for all outstanding exercisable and unexercisable options for which the exercise price is less than the December 31, 1997 closing price. Exercisable options have been held at least one year from the date of grant.

#### COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

Employee directors of the Company do not receive additional compensation for Board or committee service. In lieu of an annual retainer, non-employee directors are paid a fee of \$1,500 for each Board meeting and \$1,500 for each committee meeting attended, together with reasonable traveling expenses. No additional fee is paid for committee meetings held on the same day as Board meetings.

Each of the non-employee directors of the Company was granted upon the effectiveness of the Company's initial public offering options to purchase 15,000 shares of the common stock pursuant to a non-qualified option agreement at an exercise price equal to the then applicable fair market value (\$14.00 per share). In May 1995, at the Chairman's request, the Board of Directors approved, subject to appropriate shareholder approval obtained at the May 1996 Annual Meeting, adoption of a Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan which provided that the existing non-employee directors receive an option for the purchase of 7,500 shares at an exercise price equal to the closing sales price of the common stock on May 16, 1995 (\$13.625 per share). Thereafter, the Plan provides that on the first business day following each annual meeting of shareholders (beginning with the May 1996 Annual Meeting) each non-employee director be granted an option for the purchase of 7,500 shares of common stock at an exercise price equal to the closing sales price of the common stock on the date of grant. Accordingly, on May 22, 1996 and May 21, 1997, each non-employee director received an option to purchase 7,500 shares at an exercise price of \$15.00 and \$14.00 per share, respectively. Each individual who subsequently becomes a non-employee director shall automatically be granted an option to purchase 7,500 shares of common stock on the first business day after becoming a director.

#### EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS, TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND CHANGE IN CONTROL ARRANGEMENTS

The Company's Employment Agreement with Edward W. Cook expired December 31, 1997. Pursuant to the Employment Agreement, Mr. Cook's base salary was

\$100,000 per annum, subject to increases approved by the Company's Board of Directors, and Mr. Cook agreed not to engage in certain activities in competition with the Company for a period of one year following termination of his employment.

Upon the occurrence of a Change in Control or Potential Change in Control (as such terms are described below) under the Company's Stock Option and Incentive Plan, all outstanding options and any stock appreciation rights that have been outstanding for at least six months will become fully exercisable and vested, and the restrictions applicable to the benefits available under any other award under the Stock Option and Incentive Plan will lapse, unless otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee (the "Committee") of the Board of Directors. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee at or after grant but prior to the occurrence of any Change in Control, the value of all vested options and other awards granted under the Stock Option and Incentive Plan will be cashed out at the Change in Control Price upon the occurrence of a Change in Control or Potential Change in Control. Options and other awards granted to executive

23

officers, directors and other persons who are subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act will only be cashed out if they have been held for at least six months and, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, the Change in Control or Potential Change in Control was outside the control of the holder of the option or other award.

Under the Stock Option and Incentive Plan, a "Change in Control" is defined to include (i) any change in control that would be required to be reported in response to any form or report to the SEC, or any stock exchange on which the Company's shares are listed, (ii) the acquisition by any person (other than the Company, a subsidiary of the Company or any employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its subsidiaries) of beneficial ownership of securities of the Company representing twenty percent or more of the combined voting power of the Company or (iii) a change in the Board of Directors of the Company if, as a result of such change, the persons who were the members of the Board of Directors two years prior to such change cease to constitute at least a majority of the members of the Board of Directors. Persons who were elected by or on the recommendation or approval of at least three-quarters of the members of the Board of Directors who were in office at the beginning of such period are deemed to have been in office during such two year period for purposes of this provision. A Change in Control is also deemed to occur if a majority of the members of the Committee in office prior to the happening of any event determines in its sole discretion that as a result of such event there has been a change in control. A "Potential Change in Control" is deemed to occur upon (i) the approval by shareholders of any agreement which, if consummated, would result in a Change in Control, or (ii) the acquisition by any person (other than the Company, a subsidiary of the Company or any employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its subsidiaries) of beneficial ownership of securities of the Company representing five percent or more of the combined voting power of the Company's securities and the adoption by the Committee of a resolution to the effect that a Potential Change in Control of the Company has occurred. The "Change in Control Price" is defined as the highest price per share paid for the common stock in any transaction reported on The Nasdaq Stock Market or any other exchange or market that is the principal trading market for the common stock or any other bona fide transaction related to such Change in Control or Potential Change in Control at any time during the sixty day period prior to the Change in Control or Potential Change in Control. In the case of incentive stock options and stock appreciation rights related thereto, the Change in Control Price is determined based solely on transactions reported for the date on which the cash-out or the exercise of the stock appreciation right occurs.

#### COMPENSATION COMMITTEE INTERLOCKS AND INSIDER PARTICIPATION

During fiscal 1997, the Compensation Committee of the Company was comprised of two non-employee directors, Messrs. Cronin and Gray, and Mr. Niswonger. There were no Compensation Committee interlocks. See Item 13, "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions".

24

#### ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth, as of January 30, 1998, certain information with respect to the common stock "beneficially owned" (i) by each of the Named Executive Officers and (ii) by all directors and executive officers, both individually and as a group. Except as otherwise indicated, the shareholders listed in the table have sole voting and investment powers with respect to the common stock owned by them.



<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner (1)	Aggregate Number of Shares Beneficially Owned (2)	Percentage of Common Shares Outstanding (2)
Bruce A. Campbell	68,450 (3)	1%
Edward W. Cook	33,428 (4)	*
James A. Cronin, III	26,250 (5)	*
Hon. Robert K. Gray	43,850 (5)	*
Scott M. Niswonger	3,229,520 (6)	54%
David E. Queen	19,740 (7)	*
Michael A. Roberts	53,895 (8)	*
Richard H. Roberts	32,054 (9)	*
James R. Weiland	53,275(10)	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (11 persons)	3,636,248(11)	60%

</TABLE>

\* Less than one percent

- (1) The business address of each listed executive officer and director is c/o Landair Services, Inc., 430 Airport Road, Greeneville, Tennessee 37745.
  - (2) For the purpose of determining "beneficial ownership", the rules of the SEC require that every person who has or shares the power to vote or dispose of shares of stock be reported as a "beneficial owner" of all shares as to which such power exists. As a consequence, many persons may be deemed to be the "beneficial owners" of the same securities. The SEC rules also require that certain shares of stock that a beneficial owner has the right to acquire within sixty days of the date set forth above pursuant to the exercise of stock options are deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of calculating the percentage ownership of such owner, but are not deemed outstanding for the purpose of calculating the percentage ownership of any other person.
  - (3) Includes 63,450 shares which are issuable pursuant to options which are exercisable within sixty days of the date set forth above.
  - (4) Includes 1,000 shares held by Mr. Cook's spouse and 30,000 shares which are issuable pursuant to options which are exercisable within sixty days of the date set forth above.
- 25
- (5) Includes 26,250 shares which are issuable pursuant to options which are exercisable within sixty days of the date set forth above.
  - (6) Includes 300 shares held by Mr. Niswonger as custodian for his grandson and 300 shares which are held by Mr. Niswonger's spouse as custodian for one of her children.
  - (7) Includes 19,365 shares which are issuable pursuant to options which are exercisable within sixty days of the date set forth above.
  - (8) Includes 1,185 shares held by Mr. Roberts' spouse and 32,175 shares which are issuable pursuant to options which are exercisable within sixty days of the date set forth above.
  - (9) Includes 30,000 shares which are issuable pursuant to options which are exercisable within sixty days of the date set forth above.
  - (10) Includes 53,275 shares which are issuable pursuant to options which are exercisable within sixty days of the date set forth above.
  - (11) Includes 354,215 shares which are issuable pursuant to options which are exercisable within sixty days of the date set forth above.

Based on information provided to the Company, in addition to Mr. Niswonger, the Company believes the following table sets forth the beneficial owners of five percent or more of the outstanding common stock at December 31, 1997.

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of	Percentage of Common Stock Outstanding at	December 31, 1997
<S>	<C>	<C>	
Princeton Services, Inc. (1)	527,500	8.8%	
Wellington Management Company, LLP (2)	435,600	7.3%	

</TABLE>

- (1) According to the Schedule 13G dated January 29, 1998 jointly filed with the SEC by Princeton Services, Inc. ("PSI"), Fund Asset Management, L.P. (d/b/a Fund Asset Management) ("FAM") and Merrill Lynch Special Value Fund, Inc. ("the Fund"), each located at 800 Scudders Mill Road, Plainsboro, New Jersey 08536, neither entity had sole voting power over the shares, each had shared voting power over the shares, neither had sole dispositive power over the shares and each had shared dispositive power over the shares. PSI disclaimed beneficial ownership of the shares. PSI is a corporate managing general partner of FAM and Merrill Lynch Asset Management, L.P. ("MLAM"). MLAM and FAM, both investment advisers registered under Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, may be deemed to be beneficial owners of certain of the shares by virtue of acting

26

as investment advisers to one or more investment companies registered under Section 8 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and to private accounts. The Fund, as a registered investment company advised by FAM, was beneficial owner of more than five percent of the shares.

- (2) According to the Schedule 13G dated January 14, 1998 filed with the SEC by Wellington Management Company, LLP ("WMC"), 75 State Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02109, WMC, in its capacity as investment adviser under Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, beneficially owned shares which were held of record by clients of WMC. As to such shares, WMC had, through its wholly owned subsidiary and bank as defined in Section 3(a)(6) of the Exchange Act, Wellington Trust Company, NA, no sole power to vote or direct any shares, shared power to vote or direct 261,000 shares, no power to dispose of or to direct disposition of any shares and shared power to dispose of or direct disposition of 435,600 shares.

#### ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

The Company incurred \$280,000 in rent expense in 1997 for an aircraft leased from Sky Night, L.L.C., which is owned by Mr. Niswonger. The Company and its subsidiaries had no further transactions in which any director or executive officer, or any member of the immediate family of any director or executive officer, had a material direct interest reportable under applicable rules of the SEC.

27

#### PART IV

#### ITEM 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- (a)(1) and (2) List of Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules.

The response to this portion of Item 14 is submitted as a separate section of this report.

(a)(3) List of Exhibits.

The response to this portion of Item 14 is submitted as a separate section of this report.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K.

There were no reports filed on Form 8-K during the fourth quarter of the year ended December 31, 1997.

(c) Exhibits.

The response to this portion of Item 14 is submitted as a separate section of this report.

(d) Financial Statement Schedules.

The response to this portion of Item 14 is submitted as a separate section of this report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Landair Services, Inc. has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

LANDAIR SERVICES, INC.

By: /s/ Scott M. Niswonger

-----  
Scott M. Niswonger, Chairman, President  
and Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 26, 1998

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

Name	Capacity	Date
<S> /s/ Scott M. Niswonger ----- Scott M. Niswonger	<C> Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	February 26, 1998
/s/ Edward W. Cook ----- Edward W. Cook	Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President, Treasurer and Director (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	February 26, 1998
/s/ Bruce A. Campbell ----- Bruce A. Campbell	Executive Vice President, Chief Operating Officer and Director	February 26, 1998
/s/ Richard H. Roberts ----- Richard H. Roberts	Senior Vice President, General Counsel, Secretary and Director	February 26, 1998
/s/ James A. Cronin, III ----- James A. Cronin, III	Director	February 26, 1998

Hon. Robert K. Gray

</TABLE>

Annual Report on Form 10-K

Item 8, Item 14(a)(1) and (2), (c) and (d)

List of Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedule

Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Certain Exhibits

Financial Statement Schedule

Year Ended December 31, 1997

Landair Services, Inc.

Greeneville, Tennessee

Landair Services, Inc.

Form 10-K -- Item 8 and Item 14(a)(1) and (2)

Index to Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedule

The following consolidated financial statements of Landair Services, Inc. are included as a separate section of this report:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

Page No.

-----

	<C>
Report of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Auditors.....	F-3
Consolidated Balance Sheets - December 31, 1997 and 1996.....	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Income - Years Ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995.....	F-6
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity - Years Ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995.....	F-7
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - Years Ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995.....	F-8
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - December 31, 1997.....	F-9

The following financial statement schedule of Landair Services, Inc. is included as a separate section of this report.

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts.....S-1

</TABLE>

All other schedules for which provision is made in the applicable accounting

regulation of the Securities and Exchange Commission are not required under the related instructions or are inapplicable and, therefore, have been omitted.

F-2

### Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors and Shareholders  
Landair Services, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Landair Services, Inc. as of December 31, 1997 and 1996, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1997. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 14(a). These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Landair Services, Inc. at December 31, 1997 and 1996, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1997, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Nashville, Tennessee  
January 30, 1998

F-3

Landair Services, Inc.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

December 31  
1997      1996

-----  
(In thousands)

<S>

<C>      <C>

ASSETS

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 686	\$ 28
Accounts receivable, less allowance of \$928 in		

1997 and \$415 in 1996	28,771	23,671
Inventories	721	552
Prepaid expenses	3,915	2,868
Deferred income taxes	1,736	1,085
	-----	
Total current assets	35,829	28,204
Property and equipment:		
Land	3,477	3,199
Buildings	7,167	6,298
Revenue equipment	88,600	75,578
Other equipment	15,073	11,480
Leasehold improvements	813	890
	-----	
	115,130	97,445
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	35,933	27,166
	-----	
	79,197	70,279
Other assets	3,305	591
	-----	
Total assets	\$118,331	\$99,074

</TABLE>

F-4

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	December 31	
	1997	1996
	-----	
	(In thousands)	
	<C>	<C>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 5,126	\$ 3,924
Accrued payroll and related items	3,394	1,677
Insurance and claims accruals	6,871	4,435
Income taxes payable	194	168
Other accrued expenses	3,271	2,712
Current portion of long-term debt	11,120	7,701
Current portion of capital lease obligations	3,924	1,797
	-----	
Total current liabilities	33,900	22,414
Long-term debt, less current portion	16,347	18,346
Capital lease obligations, less current portion	6,058	8,748
Deferred income taxes	11,566	8,302
Commitments and contingencies	--	--
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value:		
Authorized shares - 5,000,000		
No shares issued	--	--
Common stock, \$.01 par value:		
Authorized shares - 20,000,000		
Issued and outstanding shares - 6,024,388		
in 1997 and 5,952,880 in 1996	60	60
Additional paid-in capital	26,804	26,202
Retained earnings	23,596	15,002
	-----	
Total shareholders' equity	50,460	41,264
	-----	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$118,331	\$99,074

</TABLE>

See accompanying notes.

F-5

Landair Services, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Income

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	Year ended December 31		
	1997	1996	1995
	-----		
	(In thousands, except per share data)		
	<C>	<C>	<C>
<S>			
Operating revenue	\$190,402	\$157,098	\$148,083
Operating expenses:			
Purchased transportation	61,118	51,393	53,488
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	53,951	43,355	37,774
Fuel and fuel taxes	11,690	10,837	8,941
Depreciation and amortization	11,210	10,523	8,687
Insurance and claims	9,483	8,381	7,040
Operating leases	6,541	5,950	5,859
Other operating expenses	19,606	17,318	15,793
	-----	-----	-----
	173,599	147,757	137,582
	-----	-----	-----
Income from operations	16,803	9,341	10,501
Other income (expense):			
Interest expense	(2,622)	(2,964)	(3,020)
Other, net	(96)	61	309
	-----	-----	-----
	(2,718)	(2,903)	(2,711)
	-----	-----	-----
Income before income taxes	14,085	6,438	7,790
Income taxes	5,491	2,459	3,273
	-----	-----	-----
Net income	\$ 8,594	\$ 3,979	\$ 4,517
	=====	=====	=====

Net income per share:

Basic	\$ 1.44	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.77
Diluted	\$ 1.39	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.75

Weighted average shares outstanding:

Basic	5,968	5,928	5,850
Diluted	6,177	6,049	6,027

</TABLE>

See accompanying notes.

F-6

Landair Services, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount			

(In thousands)						
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
Balance at December 31, 1994		5,811	\$ 58	\$ 25,214	\$ 6,506	\$ 31,778
Net income for 1995	--	--	--	4,517	4,517	
Exercise of stock options	53	1	348	--	349	
Balance at December 31, 1995		5,864	59	25,562	11,023	36,644
Net income for 1996	--	--	--	3,979	3,979	
Exercise of stock options	83	1	580	--	581	
Common stock issued under employee stock purchase plan	6	--	60	--	60	
Balance at December 31, 1996		5,953	60	26,202	15,002	41,264
Net income for 1997	--	--	--	8,594	8,594	
Exercise of stock options	61	--	490	--	490	
Common stock issued under employee stock purchase plan	10	--	112	--	112	
Balance at December 31, 1997		6,024	\$ 60	\$ 26,804	\$ 23,596	\$ 50,460

</TABLE>

See accompanying notes.

F-7

Landair Services, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	Year ended December 31		
	1997	1996	1995
(In thousands)			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net income	\$ 8,594	\$ 3,979	\$ 4,517
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	11,210	10,523	8,687
(Gain) loss on sale of property and equipment	385	(413)	(503)
Provision for losses on receivables	603	540	445
Deferred income taxes	2,613	1,747	2,800
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisition of business:			
Accounts receivable	(5,703)	(6,423)	(86)
Inventories	(169)	(192)	(29)
Prepaid expenses	(909)	(151)	(1,483)
Income taxes	26	875	(425)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5,914	2,037	1,843
Net cash provided by operating activities	22,564	12,522	15,766
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Purchases of property and equipment	(19,074)	(8,763)	(24,670)
Acquisition of business	(1,209)	--	--
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	1,259	2,913	3,062
Other	(11)	(192)	75
Net cash used in investing activities	(19,035)	(6,042)	(21,533)
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Proceeds from long-term debt	6,782	2,734	16,940
Payments of long-term debt	(8,129)	(11,875)	(7,546)
Payments of capital lease obligations	(2,126)	(1,786)	(1,109)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	490	581	349
Proceeds from common stock issued under employee stock purchase plan	112	60	--
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(2,871)	(10,286)	8,634



Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	658	(3,806)	2,867	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		28	3,834	967
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 686	\$ 28	\$ 3,834	

</TABLE>

See accompanying notes.

F-8

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 1997

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned. Significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

### BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Effective December 31, 1997, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 131, Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information. Statement 131 superseded Statement No. 14, Financial Reporting for Segments of a Business Enterprise. Statement 131 establishes standards for the way that public business enterprises report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and requires that those enterprises report selected information about operating segments in interim financial reports. Statement 131 also establishes standards for related disclosures about products and services, geographic areas and major customers. The adoption of Statement 131 did not affect results of operations or financial position, but did affect the disclosure of segment information. Segment information for all periods has been presented to conform to Statement 131 requirements. See Note 7.

### USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### OWNERSHIP

Scott M. Niswonger (Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer) was the majority owner of the Company's common stock during all periods presented.

### OPERATING REVENUE

Operating revenue and related costs are recognized as of the date shipments are completed.

F-9

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

## INVENTORIES

Inventories of tires, replacement parts, supplies and fuel for revenue equipment are stated at the lower of cost or market utilizing the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method of determining cost.

## PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation of property and equipment is calculated based upon the cost of the asset, reduced by its estimated salvage value, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	30-40 years
Revenue equipment	3-7 years
Other equipment	3-10 years
Leasehold improvements	1-15 years

Interest payments during 1997, 1996 and 1995 were \$2,631,000, \$3,011,000 and \$2,981,000, respectively. No interest was capitalized during the three years ended December 31, 1997. During 1997, 1996 and 1995, the Company added to revenue and other equipment \$1,563,000, \$2,417,000 and \$2,682,000 of capital leases, respectively.

## INSURANCE AND CLAIMS ACCRUALS

The primary claims in the Company's business are workers' compensation, property damage, auto liability and medical benefits. Most of the Company's insurance coverage provides for self-insurance levels with primary and excess coverage which management believes is sufficient to adequately protect the Company from catastrophic claims. In the opinion of management, adequate provision has been made for all incurred claims up to the self-insured limits.

F-10

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### NET INCOME PER SHARE

In 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 128, Earnings Per Share. Statement 128 replaced the calculation of primary and fully diluted earnings per share with basic and diluted earnings per share. Unlike primary earnings per share, basic earnings per share excludes any dilutive effects of options, warrants and convertible securities. Diluted earnings per share is very similar to the previously reported fully diluted earnings per share, and uses the treasury stock method in calculating dilution. All earnings per share amounts for all periods have been presented and restated to conform to Statement 128 requirements.

#### STOCK OPTIONS

The Company grants options for a fixed number of shares to employees and outside directors with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the shares at the grant date. The Company accounts for stock option grants in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and, accordingly, recognizes no compensation expense for the stock option grants.

#### ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income. The Statement is effective for the Company beginning in 1998, and establishes standards for the reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components. The Statement requires that all items that are income be reported in a financial statement that is displayed with the same prominence as other financial statements. The Company does not expect the effect of adoption of Statement 130 to be material to the consolidated financial statements.

## RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year financial statements to conform to the 1997 presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on net income.

F-11

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 2. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS

On October 27, 1997, the Company acquired the air cargo operating assets of Adams Air Cargo, Inc., a surface transportation contractor to the air cargo industry based in Arbuckle, California. The Company paid approximately \$1,209,000 in cash, issued a note payable of \$1,800,000, and assumed debt and capital lease obligations of \$967,000 and \$1,563,000, respectively. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. Accordingly, the purchase price was allocated on the basis of the estimated fair value of the net assets acquired, resulting in goodwill of approximately \$2,764,000. The goodwill is being amortized on a straight-line basis over a life of 20 years. Accumulated amortization of the goodwill totaled \$23,000 at December 31, 1997. The results of operations for the acquired business were included in the consolidated statement of income from the acquisition date forward. Pro forma results of operations for 1997 and 1996 would not differ materially from the Company's historical results.

### 3. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	December 31		
	1997	1996	
	-----		
	(In thousands)		
	<C>	<C>	
Line of credit	\$ 2,163	\$ 1,508	
Installment Equipment Loan Agreements		13,457	11,387
Installment notes payable with a finance company through 1999, including interest at the 30-day commercial paper rate plus 1.8% (7.6% and 7.8% at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively) and interest ranging from 6.7% to 7.3%, collateralized by revenue equipment	7,823	12,025	
Other notes payable, including interest ranging from 6.9% to 7.9%	4,024	1,127	
	-----	-----	
	27,467	26,047	
Less current portion	11,120	7,701	
	-----	-----	
	\$16,347	\$18,346	
	=====	=====	

</TABLE>

F-12

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 3. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The Company has a \$15 million line of credit agreement with a Tennessee bank

which expires in May 1999. Advances outstanding under the line bear interest at the bank's base rate less 1.0% (7.5% and 7.3% at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively) and are collateralized primarily by accounts receivable. The agreement contains, among other things, restrictions that do not allow the payment of dividends, and requires the maintenance of certain levels of net worth and other financial ratios. At December 31, 1997, the Company had \$2,163,000 outstanding under the line and had utilized \$8,104,000 of availability for outstanding letters of credit.

The Company has equipment loan agreements (the "Equipment Loan Agreements") with two Tennessee banks which permit the Company to borrow up to \$30 million for the purchase of revenue equipment. Advances outstanding under the Equipment Loan Agreements bear interest at the 30-day LIBOR rate plus 1.0% to 1.6% (6.7% to 7.3% and 6.4% to 7.0% at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively). The advances are collateralized by revenue equipment purchased with the proceeds from the Equipment Loan Agreements, and contain restrictions and covenants similar to the line of credit agreement described above. At December 31, 1997, the Company had additional borrowing capacity available of \$15,893,000 under the Equipment Loan Agreements.

Revenue equipment collateralizing these agreements has a carrying value of approximately \$27,678,000 and \$27,221,000 at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively.

Maturities of long-term debt are as follows (in thousands):

1998	\$11,120
1999	9,439
2000	3,282
2001	1,474
2002	755
Thereafter	1,397
	-----
	<u>\$27,467</u>
	=====

#### 4. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND STOCK OPTIONS

Preferred Stock -- The Board of Directors is authorized to issue, at its discretion, up to 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$.01. The terms and conditions of the preferred shares are to be determined by the Board of Directors. No shares have been issued to date.

F-13

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 4. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND STOCK OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Employee Stock Option and Incentive Plan -- The Company has elected to follow Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related Interpretations in accounting for its employee stock options because, as discussed below, the alternative fair value accounting provided for under Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, requires use of option valuation models that were not developed for use in valuing employee stock options. Under Opinion No. 25, because the exercise price of the Company's employee stock options equals the market price of the underlying stock on the date of grant, no compensation expense is recognized.

At December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995, the Company had reserved 1,000,000 shares of common stock under a Stock Option and Incentive Plan. Options issued under the Plan have eight to ten year terms and vest over a four to five year period.

Pro forma information regarding net income and earnings per share is required by Statement 123, which also requires that the information be determined as if the Company has accounted for its employee and non-employee director stock options granted subsequent to December 31, 1994 under the fair value method of that Statement. The fair value for these options was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions for 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively: risk-free interest rates of 5.8%, 6.4% and 5.5%; dividend ratio of zero; volatility factors of the expected market price of the Company's common stock of .5; and a weighted-average expected life of the option of seven years.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company's employee and non-employee director stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its employee and non-employee director stock options.

F-14

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 4. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND STOCK OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

For purposes of pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the employee and non-employee director options is amortized to expense over the options' vesting period. The Company's pro forma information follows (in thousands, except per share data):

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	1997	1996	1995
Pro forma net income	\$7,980	\$3,506	\$4,464
Pro forma net income per share:			
Basic	\$ 1.34	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.76
Diluted	\$ 1.29	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.74

</TABLE>

Because Statement 123 is applicable only to options granted subsequent to December 31, 1994, its pro forma effect is not fully reflected above.

A summary of the Company's employee stock option activity and related information for the years ended December 31 follows:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	1997		1996		1995	
	OPTIONS (000)	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	OPTIONS (000)	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	OPTIONS (000)	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE
Outstanding - beginning of year	575	\$ 12	421	\$ 9	507	\$ 9
Granted	111	11	285	14	--	--
Exercised	(61)	8	(83)	7	(53)	7
Forfeited	(21)	14	(48)	11	(33)	10
Outstanding - end of year	604	\$ 12	575	\$ 12	421	\$ 9
Exercisable at end of year	268	\$ 11	199	\$ 10	185	\$ 9
Options available for grant	118	209	445			
Weighted-average fair value of options granted during the year	\$6.14	\$6.00	\$ --			

</TABLE>

Exercise prices for options outstanding, as of December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995 ranged from \$5.00 to \$25.625.

Non-Employee Director Options -- In May 1997, 1996 and 1995, options to purchase 15,000, 22,500 and 30,000 shares of common stock, respectively, were granted to the non-employee directors of the Company at option prices of \$14.00, \$15.00 and \$13.625 per share, respectively.

F-15

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 4. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND STOCK OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The options have terms of five to ten years and are exercisable in installments which vest over two-year periods from the date of grant. At December 31, 1997, 75,000 options are outstanding and will expire on September 1, 1998 through May 1, 2007, unless a non-employee director resigns or is not re-elected, in which event the options expire 90 days after the option holder is no longer a non-employee director.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan -- The Company implemented an employee stock purchase plan effective January 1, 1996 at which time participating employees became entitled to purchase common stock through payroll deduction of up to 10% of the employee's annual compensation. The issue price of the common stock is equal to the lesser of (1) 85% of market price on the first trading day of the semi-annual enrollment period or (2) 85% of market price on the last trading day of the semi-annual enrollment period. The Company has reserved 300,000 shares of common stock for issuance pursuant to the plan. At December 31, 1997, approximately 16,000 shares had been issued under the Plan.

Earnings Per Share -- The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share data):

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	1997	1996	1995
	-----	-----	-----
	<C>	<C>	<C>
Numerator:			
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share - net income	\$8,594	\$3,979	\$4,517
	=====	=====	=====
Denominator:			
Denominator for basic earnings per share-weighted-average shares	5,968	5,928	5,850
Effect of dilutive stock options	209	121	177
	-----	-----	-----
Denominator for diluted earnings per share-adjusted weighted-average shares	6,177	6,049	6,027
	=====	=====	=====
Basic net income per share	\$ 1.44	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.77
	=====	=====	=====
Diluted net income per share	\$ 1.39	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.75
	=====	=====	=====
Securities that could potentially dilute basic net income per share in the future that were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because to do so would have been antidilutive for the periods presented	19	451	249
	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

F-16

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 5. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes consists of the following:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	1997	1996	1995
	-----		
	(In thousands)		
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Current:			
Federal	\$2,274	\$ 536	\$ 275
State	604	176	198
	-----		
	2,878	712	473
Deferred:			
Federal	2,258	1,538	2,451
State	355	209	349
	-----		
	2,613	1,747	2,800
	-----		
	\$5,491	\$2,459	\$3,273
	=====		

</TABLE>

The historical income tax expense differs from the amounts computed by applying the federal statutory rate of 34% to income before income taxes as follows:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	1997	1996	1995
	-----		
	(In thousands)		
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Tax expense at the statutory rate	\$4,788	\$2,189	\$2,649
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	633	177	230
Meals and entertainment	70	93	316
Other	--	--	78
	-----		
	\$5,491	\$2,459	\$3,273
	=====		

</TABLE>

F-17

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 5. INCOME TAXES (CONTINUED)

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of the Company's deferred tax liabilities and assets are as follows:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	December 31	
	1997	1996
	-----	
	(In thousands)	
<S>	<C>	<C>
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Tax over book depreciation	\$12,233	\$10,820
Prepaid expenses deductible when paid	1,420	1,048
Other	353	349
	-----	
Total deferred tax liabilities	14,006	12,217
Deferred tax assets:		
Accrued expenses	2,816	1,981
Alternative minimum tax	1,020	1,708
Net operating loss carryforward	--	1,134

Allowance for doubtful accounts	340	152
Other	--	25
	-----	
Total deferred tax assets	4,176	5,000
	-----	
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$ 9,830	\$ 7,217
	=====	

</TABLE>

Management believes that the deferred tax assets will ultimately be realized. Management's conclusion is based on future taxable income that will result from the reversal of the existing temporary differences. Additionally, management expects future taxable income from operations, exclusive of the reversal of temporary differences.

The balance sheet classification of deferred income taxes is as follows:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	December 31	
	1997	1996
	-----	
	(In thousands)	
	<C>	<C>
<S> Current assets	\$(1,736)	\$(1,085)
Noncurrent liabilities	11,566	8,302
	-----	
	\$ 9,830	\$ 7,217
	=====	

</TABLE>

Total income tax payments, net of refunds, during fiscal 1997, 1996 and 1995 were \$2,852,000, \$(162,000) and \$898,000, respectively.

F-18  
Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 6. LEASES

During October 1993, the Company entered into a capital lease agreement (with a bargain purchase option) with the Director of Development of the State of Ohio for the construction of a terminal facility located in Columbus, Ohio. To fund the construction of the new facility, the State of Ohio sold revenue bonds in the amount of \$6,280,000. The amounts due under the lease have been included in capital lease obligations. The Company is responsible for all taxes, assessments and other costs of ownership under the lease agreement. The lease also requires, among other things, restrictions on the payment of dividends and the maintenance of certain levels of net worth and other financial ratios.

The Company leases certain revenue and other equipment under capital leases. These leases expire in various years through 2001. Certain of the revenue equipment leases contain guarantees of residual values which have been included in minimum lease payments.

Property and equipment include the following amounts for leases that have been capitalized:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	December 31	
	1997	1996
	-----	
	(In thousands)	
	<C>	<C>
<S> Land	\$ 2,605	\$ 2,605
Building	3,675	3,675
Revenue equipment	6,659	5,465
Other equipment	2,417	2,417
	-----	
	15,356	14,162
Less accumulated amortization	3,569	2,561
	-----	
	\$11,787	\$11,601
	=====	

</TABLE>



Amortization of leased assets is included in depreciation and amortization expense.

The Company also leases certain facilities and revenue equipment under noncancelable operating leases that expire in various years through 2006. Certain of these leases may be renewed for periods varying from one to ten years.

Included in operating leases is a terminal facility leased from a company wholly-owned by the Company's majority shareholder which expired in January 1997 and the lease was not renewed. Also included in operating leases is an aircraft leased, under a dry lease agreement, from the Company's majority shareholder which expires in July 1998 and may be renewed for an additional

F-19  
Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

6. LEASES (CONTINUED)

one year period. The total net amount of rent expense for these leases was \$280,000, \$180,000 and \$84,000 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

Future minimum rental payments under capital leases and noncancelable operating leases with initial terms of one year or more consisted of the following at December 31, 1997:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

Fiscal Year -----	Capital Leases -----	Operating Leases -----	
	(In thousands)		
<S>	<C>	<C>	
1998	\$ 4,544	\$ 6,206	
1999	1,422	4,292	
2000	1,311	2,338	
2001	899	922	
2002	731	252	
Thereafter	3,846	179	
	-----	-----	
Total minimum lease payments		12,753	\$14,189
		=====	
Amounts representing interest		(2,771)	
		-----	
Present value of net minimum lease payments (including current portion of \$3,924)		\$ 9,982	
		=====	

</TABLE>

7. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

DESCRIPTION OF THE TYPES OF SERVICES FROM WHICH EACH REPORTABLE SEGMENT DERIVES ITS REVENUE

The Truckload and Forward Air operating divisions constitute the operating segments of the Company.

The Forward Air operations provide scheduled trucking services to air freight forwarders, fully integrated air cargo carriers and domestic and international airlines. The Forward Air operation services its air freight forwarders, air cargo and airline customers primarily through a hub and spoke network of terminals located at or near major airports in the United States and Canada and linked through a central sorting facility in Columbus, Ohio.

The Truckload operations provide short- to medium-haul delivery to the high-service segment of the general commodities truckload market. The Truckload operation includes a common carrier

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 7. BUSINESS SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

operation that serves customers on an "on demand" basis and a dedicated fleet operation in which trucks and drivers are dedicated to shippers with specific, high-service requirements.

## MEASUREMENT OF SEGMENT INCOME FROM OPERATIONS AND SEGMENT ASSETS

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as those described in Note 1. The Company evaluates performance and allocates resources based on operating income. The Company does not allocate interest expense to reportable segments.

Intersegment revenue is accounted for at rates comparable to unaffiliated customers.

## FACTORS MANAGEMENT USED TO IDENTIFY THE COMPANY'S REPORTABLE SEGMENTS

The Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different services. The reportable segments are each managed separately because they provide different services with different operating processes and marketing strategies.

A summary of information about the Company's operations by segment for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995 is as follows (in thousands):

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	Truckload	Forward Air	Total	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
1997				
- - - -				
Operating revenue from external customers		\$ 85,261	\$ 105,141	\$ 190,402
Intersegment revenue	6,790	--	6,790	
Depreciation and amortization	8,309	2,901	11,210	
Segment income from operations	3,739	13,064	16,803	
Segment assets	66,923	49,672	116,595	
Expenditures for long-lived assets	13,558	5,466	19,024	
1996				
- - - -				
Operating revenue from external customers		\$ 76,361	\$ 80,737	\$ 157,098
Intersegment revenue	6,094	--	6,094	
Depreciation and amortization	8,438	2,085	10,523	
Segment income from operations	825	8,516	9,341	
Segment assets	60,508	37,481	97,989	
Expenditures for long-lived assets	468	5,382	5,850	
1995				
- - - -				
Operating revenue from external customers		\$ 84,526	\$ 63,557	\$ 148,083
Intersegment revenue	3,897	--	3,897	
Depreciation and amortization	7,205	1,482	8,687	
Segment income from operations	4,105	6,396	10,501	
Segment assets	70,451	26,769	97,220	
Expenditures for long-lived assets	21,655	(47)	21,608	

</TABLE>

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 7. BUSINESS SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of reportable segment operating revenue, income from operations, and assets to the Company's consolidated totals is as follows (in thousands):

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	1997	1996	1995
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Operating revenue			
-----			
Total operating revenue for reportable segments	\$ 197,192	\$ 163,192	\$ 151,980
Elimination of intersegment revenue	(6,790)	(6,094)	(3,897)
-----			
Total consolidated operating revenue	\$ 190,402	\$ 157,098	\$ 148,083
-----			
Income from operations			
-----			
Total income from operations for reportable segments	\$ 16,803	\$ 9,341	\$ 10,501
Other profit or loss	--	--	--
-----			
Total consolidated income from operations	\$ 16,803	\$ 9,341	\$ 10,501
-----			
Assets			
-----			
Total assets for reportable segments	\$ 116,595	\$ 97,989	\$ 97,220
Other assets	1,736	1,085	1,059
-----			
Total consolidated assets	\$ 118,331	\$ 99,074	\$ 98,279
-----			

#### OTHER SIGNIFICANT ITEMS

	Segment Totals	Adjustments	Consolidated Totals
1997			
-----			
Expenditures for long-lived assets	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 19,074
Depreciation and amortization	11,210	--	11,210
1996			
-----			
Expenditures for long-lived assets	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 8,763
Depreciation and amortization	10,523	--	10,523
1995			
-----			
Expenditures for long-lived assets	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 24,670
Depreciation and amortization	8,687	--	8,687

</TABLE>

F-22

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 7. BUSINESS SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

The reconciling item to adjust total assets is the amount of income tax assets, which are not included in segment information.

#### MAJOR CUSTOMER

One customer of the Truckload segment, Federal Express Corporation, accounted for more than 10% (approximately \$27,050,000) of the Company's consolidated operating revenue for the year ended December 31, 1997. No single customer accounted for more than 10% of operating revenue in 1996 and 1995.

#### 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is, from time to time, a party to litigation arising in the normal

course of its business, most of which involve claims for personal injury and property damage incurred in connection with the transportation of freight. Management believes that none of these actions, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

#### 9. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

Effective July 1, 1994, the Company adopted a retirement savings plan (the "401(k) Plan"). The 401(k) Plan is a defined contribution plan whereby employees who have completed one year of service, a minimum of 1,000 hours of service and are age 21 or older are eligible to participate. The 401(k) Plan allows eligible employees to make contributions of 2% to 10% of their annual compensation. Employer contributions are made at 25% of the employee's contribution up to a maximum of 4% of total annual compensation. Employer contributions vest 20% after two years of service and continue vesting 20% per year until fully vested. The Company's matching contribution for 1997, 1996 and 1995 was approximately \$145,000, \$131,000 and \$119,000, respectively.

F-23

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

##### Off Balance Sheet Risk

At December 31, 1997, the Company had letters of credit outstanding totaling \$8,104,000, all of which guarantee obligations carried on the balance sheet.

##### Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash investments and trade accounts receivable. The Company does not generally require collateral from its customers. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade accounts receivable are limited due to the large number of entities comprising the Company's customer base and their dispersion across many different industries.

##### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents: The carrying amount reported in the balance sheet for cash and cash equivalents approximates its fair value.

Accounts receivable and accounts payable: The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their fair value.

Long-and short-term debt: The carrying amounts of the Company's borrowings under its revolving credit arrangement approximate fair value. The fair value of the Company's long-term debt and capital lease obligations is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, based on the Company's current incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

F-24

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	1997		1996	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
	(In thousands)			
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 686	\$ 686	\$ 28	\$ 28
Accounts receivable	28,771	28,771	23,671	23,671
Accounts payable	5,126	5,126	5,525	5,525
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations	37,449	37,449	36,592	36,592

## 11. QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

The following is a summary of the quarterly results of operations for the years ended December 31, 1997 and 1996:

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	1997			
	March 31	June 30	September 30	December 31
	(In thousands, except per share data)			
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Operating revenue	\$ 41,005	\$ 45,502	\$ 50,456	\$ 53,439
Income from operations	1,922	4,004	5,807	5,070
Net income	771	1,944	3,176	2,703
Net income per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.45
Diluted	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.43
	1996			
	March 31	June 30	September 30	December 31
	(In thousands, except per share data)			
Operating revenue	\$ 36,979	\$ 38,893	\$ 39,295	\$ 41,931
Income from operations	1,666	2,703	2,126	2,846
Net income	531	1,199	887	1,362
Net income per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.23
Diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.23

F-25

Landair Services, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 11. QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

During the third quarter of 1997, the Company benefited from non-recurring revenue that resulted from the United Parcel Service strike. This additional revenue net of variable costs and income taxes, but not allocated fixed costs, resulted in an estimated additional \$1.4 million of pre-tax income from operations and \$0.14 of diluted earnings per share during the quarter.

The 1996 and first three quarters of 1997 earnings per share amounts have been restated to comply with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, Earnings Per Share.

## Landair Services, Inc.

## Schedule II -- Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

Col. A	Col. B	Col. C	Col. D	Col. E		
-----						
Additions						
Description	(1)	(2)	Deductions-	Balance at		
	Charged	Charged			Describe	End of
	Balance at	to Costs		Period		
	Beginning	and				
	of Period	Expenses	Describe			
-----						
(In thousands)						
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>		
Year ended December 31, 1997:						
Allowance for doubtful accounts		\$ 240	\$ 603	\$ --	\$ 278(1)	\$ 565
Allowance for revenue adjustments		175	1,714	--	1,526(2)	363
	415	2,317	--	1,804	928	
Year ended December 31, 1996:						
Allowance for doubtful accounts		\$ 150	\$ 540	\$ --	\$ 450(1)	\$ 240
Allowance for revenue adjustments		142	1,207	--	1,174(2)	175
	292	1,747	--	1,624	415	
Year ended December 31, 1995:						
Allowance for doubtful accounts		\$ 144	\$ 445	\$ --	\$ 439(1)	\$ 150
Allowance for revenue adjustments		250	945	--	1,053(2)	142
	394	1,390	--	1,492	292	

</TABLE>

(1) Uncollectible accounts written off, net of recoveries.

(2) Adjustments to billed accounts receivable.

S-1

## EXHIBIT INDEX

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

Exhibit No. Under	Exhibit No. in		
Item 601 of	Document	Where	
Regulation S-K	Incorporated by	Reference	
-----	-----	-----	
<S>	<C>	<C>	
(a)3.1	-	Restated Charter of the registrant	3.1
(a)3.2	-	Bylaws of the registrant, as amended	3.2
(a)4	-	Specimen of Stock Certificate	4.1
(e)10.1	-	Registrant's Restated Employee Stock Purchase Plan	10
(d)10.2	-	Registrant's Amended and Restated Stock Option and Incentive Plan	10.1
(a,h)10.3	-	Form of registrant's Director Stock Option	10.3

Agreement

(a)10.4	-	Lease Agreement, dated July 27, 1981, between the Greeneville-Greene County Airport Authority and General Aviation of Tennessee, Inc., as assumed by the registrant by agreement, dated May 10, 1988	10.18
(a)10.5	-	Assignment, Assumption and Release Agreement, dated May 10, 1988, between Greeneville-Greene County Airport, General Aviation, Inc., and the registrant	10.19
(a)10.6	-	Air Carrier Certificate, effective September 9, 1993	10.21
(b)10.7	-	Lease between the Director of Development of the State of Ohio and the registrant dated as of October 1, 1993	10.24

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
(c)10.8	-	\$5,062,250 Term Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of July 13, 1994, among Third National Bank in Nashville, the registrant and Landair Transport, Inc.	10.25
(c)10.9	-	\$5,062,250 Term Promissory Note, dated July 13, 1994, among Third National Bank in Nashville, the registrant and Landair Transport, Inc.	10.26
(c)10.10	-	\$5,500,000 Line of Credit Loan Agreement, dated as of October 17, 1994, among First Tennessee Bank National Association, the registrant, and each of its Tennessee subsidiaries	10.27
(c)10.11	-	\$11,152,000 Equipment Loan Agreement, dated as of October 17, 1994, among First Tennessee Bank National Association, the registrant, Landair Transport, Inc. and Landair International Airlines, Inc.	10.30
(c)10.12	-	First Amendment to Loan and Security Agreements, dated as of October 20, 1994, among First Tennessee Bank National Association, the registrant, Landair Transport, Inc. and Landair International Airlines, Inc.	10.33
(c)10.13	-	Second Amendment to Loan and Security Agreements, dated as of December 23, 1994, among First Tennessee Bank National Association, the registrant, Landair Transport, Inc. and Landair International Airlines, Inc.	10.35
(d,h)10.14	-	Registrant's Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan	10.2

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<S> <C> <C> <C>

(d)10.15	-	Third Amendment to Loan and Security Agreements, dated as of May 24, 1995, among First Tennessee Bank National Association, the registrant, Landair Transport, Inc. and Landair International Airlines, Inc.	10.3
(d)10.16	-	First Amendment to Line of Credit Loan Agreement and to Amended and Restated Security Agreement, dated as of May 31, 1995, among First Tennessee Bank National Association, the registrant, and each of its Tennessee subsidiaries	10.4
(d)10.17	-	\$15,000,000 Restated, Amended and Replacement Promissory Note (Line of Credit), dated as of May 31, 1995, between the registrant and First Tennessee Bank National Association	10.5
(d)10.18	-	\$15,000,000 Restated, Amended and Replacement Promissory Note, (Equipment Loan) dated as of May 31, 1995, between the registrant and First Tennessee Bank National Association	10.6
(d)10.19	-	Fourth Amendment to Loan and Security Agreements, dated as of May 31, 1995, among First Tennessee Bank National Association, the registrant, Landair Transport, Inc. and Landair International Airlines, Inc.	10.7
(d)10.20	-	Term Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of June 16, 1995, between Third National Bank in Nashville, the registrant and Landair Transport, Inc.	10.8

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
(d)10.21	-	\$4,118,700 Promissory Note, dated July 3, 1995, between the registrant, Landair Transport, Inc. and Third National Bank in Nashville	10.9
(d)10.22	-	First Amendment to Term Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of June 16, 1995, among Third National Bank in Nashville, the registrant and Landair Transport, Inc.	10.10
(f)10.23		Second Amendment to Line of Credit Loan Agreement and to Amended and Restated Security Agreement, dated as of January 28, 1997, among First Tennessee Bank National Association, the registrant, Landair Transport, Inc., Landair International Airlines, Inc., Transportation Properties, Inc. and Forward Air, Inc.	10.1
(f)10.24		\$15,000,000 Restated, Amended and Replacement Promissory Note (Line of Credit), dated as of January 28, 1997, among the registrant, Landair Transport, Inc., Landair International Airlines, Inc., Transportation Properties, Inc., Forward Air, Inc. and First Tennessee Bank National Association	10.2
(g)21	-	Subsidiaries of the registrant	
(g)23	-	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP	



(a) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Registration Statement of Form S-1, filed with the Commission on September 27, 1993.

(b) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 25, 1993, filed with the Commission on March 25, 1994.

(c) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1994, filed with the Commission on March 31, 1995.

(d) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1995, filed with the Commission on August 14, 1995.

(e) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 1995, filed with the Commission on November 14, 1995.

(f) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 1997, filed with the Commission on May 14, 1997.

(g) Filed herewith.

(h) Management contract or compensatory plan.

Exhibit 21

LANDAIR SERVICES, INC. SUBSIDIARIES

Landair Transport, Inc.

Forward Air, Inc.

Landair International Airlines, Inc.

Transportation Properties, Inc.

Transportation Properties (Texas), Inc.

Forward Air Royalty Company

Forward Air Licensing Company

Volunteer Adjustment, Inc.

Exhibit 23

Consent of Independent Auditors

We consent to the incorporation by reference in: (1) the Registration Statement on Form S-8 (No. 33-77944) pertaining to the Landair Services, Inc. Stock Option and Incentive Plan and the Employee Stock Purchase Plan, (2) the Registration Statement on Form S-8 (no. 333-03891) pertaining to the Landair Services, Inc. Amended and Restated Stock Option and Incentive Plan, and (3) the Registration Statement on Form S-8 (no. 333-03893) pertaining to the Landair Services, Inc. Non-Employee Director Stock Option Award and Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan, of our report dated January 30, 1998, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedule of Landair Services, Inc. included in its Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 1997.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Nashville, Tennessee  
February 25, 1998

<TABLE> <S> <C>

<ARTICLE> 5

<LEGEND>

THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF LANDAIR SERVICES, INC. FOR THE 12 MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1997 AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

</LEGEND>

<MULTIPLIER> 1,000

<S>	<C>
<PERIOD-TYPE>	12-MOS
<FISCAL-YEAR-END>	DEC-31-1997
<PERIOD-START>	JAN-01-1997
<PERIOD-END>	DEC-31-1997
<CASH>	686
<SECURITIES>	0
<RECEIVABLES>	29,699
<ALLOWANCES>	928
<INVENTORY>	721
<CURRENT-ASSETS>	35,829
<PP&E>	115,130
<DEPRECIATION>	35,933
<TOTAL-ASSETS>	118,331
<CURRENT-LIABILITIES>	33,900
<BONDS>	0
<PREFERRED-MANDATORY>	0
<PREFERRED>	0
<COMMON>	60
<OTHER-SE>	50,400
<TOTAL-LIABILITY-AND-EQUITY>	118,331
<SALES>	0
<TOTAL-REVENUES>	190,402
<CGS>	0
<TOTAL-COSTS>	173,599
<OTHER-EXPENSES>	(2,718)
<LOSS-PROVISION>	0
<INTEREST-EXPENSE>	2,622
<INCOME-PRETAX>	14,085
<INCOME-TAX>	5,491
<INCOME-CONTINUING>	8,594
<DISCONTINUED>	0
<EXTRAORDINARY>	0
<CHANGES>	0
<NET-INCOME>	8,594
<EPS-PRIMARY>	1.44
<EPS-DILUTED>	1.39

</TABLE>